========================================1=====================================

aroma

aroma [əˈroumə] n. mùi thơm

An aroma is a scent or smell.

→ I love the aroma of coffee in the morning.

<anh xịt mùi thơm vào râu mà>

beverage

beverage [ˈbevərɪdʒ] n. đồ uống

A beverage is a drink.

→ The waiter brought our beverages first. Then he brought our food.

cluster

cluster [ˈklʌstər] n. chùm, bó, cụm

A cluster of things is a small group of them placed close together.

→ She held a large cluster of grapes in her hand.

<cái chùm, bó, cụm lạt của tớ>

combine

combine [kəmˈbaɪn] v. liên minh, hợp nhất

To combine is to join together to make a single thing or group.

→ Mina combined peanut butter and jelly to make a sandwich.

<khi ăn cơm cần liên minh, hợp nhất đánh bài>

condensed

condensed [kənˈdenst] adj. cô đặc

When a liquid is condensed, it is made thicker.

→ One way to make a dessert thick and sweet is to use condensed milk.

<còn đen khi cô đặc không>

contemporary

contemporary [kənˈtempərərɪ] adj. đồng thời, cùng lúc

When something is contemporary, it is related to the present time.

→ Contemporary scientists have learned quite a bit about DNA.

cultivate

cultivate [ˈkʌltəveɪt] v. trồng cây, nuôi dưỡng

To cultivate plants is to care for them and help them grow.

→ A research company is cultivating new kinds of rice to aid poor countries.

divine

divine [dɪˈvaɪn] adj. được tôn kính như thần, thần thánh

When something is divine, it is related to gods.

→ Legends say that music was given to men as a divine gift from the gods.

<đi vái người được tôn kính như thần, thần thánh>

humid

humid [ˈhjuːmɪd] adj. ẩm ướt

When it is humid, there is a lot of water in the air.

→ It is very humid inside of a sauna.

<vừa ẩm ướt và hiu hắt ở vườn mít>

odor

odor [ˈoudər] n. mùi khác biệt

An odor is a very distinct smell.

→ He knew there was a leak when he noticed the strong odor of natural gas.

<ông đờ ra khi có mùi khác biệt>

palate

palate [ˈpælɪt] n. vòm miệng

The palate is the top part of the mouth.

→ You can touch your palate with your tongue.

<ba mua lít nước xịt vòm miệng>

paradise

paradise [ˈpærədaɪs] n. thiên đường,chổ cực lạc

Paradise is the place or condition of happiness where things are perfect.

→ My vacation in Hawaii was like being in paradise.

<bá giờ die lên thiên đường,chổ cực lạc>

plantation

plantation [plænˈteɪʃən] n. đồn điền

A plantation is a big farm that only grows certain kinds of crops.

→ In the 1800s, there were many cotton plantations in the southern US.

<phải lên thấy từng đồn điền>

rapid

rapid [ˈræpɪd] adj. nhanh

When something is rapid, it moves or changes very quickly.

→ His mother was surprised by her son’s rapid growth.

rate

rate [reɪt] n. tốc độ

A rate is the speed at which something happens.

→ Grass tends to grow at a very slow rate.

<rẫy từng cái có tốc độ>

soothing

soothing [ˈsuːðɪŋ] adj. êm dịu, êm ái

When something is soothing, it makes you calm or relaxed.

→ The soothing music helped the baby fall asleep.

<su thỉnh thoảng êm dịu, êm ái>

subtle

subtle [ˈsʌtl] adj. tế nhị, xảo trá, lảng tránh

When something is subtle, it is not easy to see or notice.

→ The handsome man has a subtle smile.

<khi xa tổ cần phải tế nhị, xảo trá, lảng tránh>

texture

texture [ˈtekstʃə:r] n. kết cấu

The texture of something is the way its surface looks and feels.

→ The texture of a rock found in the water is typically very smooth.

toxic

toxic [ˈtɒksɪk] adj. chất độc

When something is toxic, it is poisonous. Toxic things are very dangerous.

→ Please check the label to see if the product is toxic.

vary

vary [ˈvɛərɪ] v. khác biệt

To vary means to be different from another thing in size or amount.

→ The heights of the people in my class vary by a large amount.

==========================================2====================================

accident

accident [ˈæksɪdənt] n. tai nạn

An accident is an unexpected undesirable event.

→ She had to go to the hospital after she was in a serious car accident.

admiral

admiral [ˈædmərəl] n. đô đốc

An admiral is someone who controls many military ships.

→ They won the sea battle because of the admiral’s great leadership.

< lát nữa đô đốc mở rồi>

arc

arc [ɑːrk] n. vòng cung

An arc is a curved shape.

→ A rainbow has the shape of an arc.

<ác không cơ chứ khi bắt đi vòng cung>

character

character [ˈkærɪktər] n. tính cách

Your character is your personality.

→ My sister’s character is fun and very outgoing.

conscience

conscience [ˈkɒnʃəns] n. lương tâm

Your conscience is your inner sense of what is right and wrong.

→ I recycle everything I can, so my conscience is clear!

<còn sừng sao lương tâm bảo không có>

fiery

fiery [ˈfaɪərɪ] adj. bốc lửa

If something is fiery, it is burning strongly.

→ The fiery blaze burned all night long.

<phải thật bốc lửa à rì>

flesh

flesh [fleʃ] n. thịt

Flesh is the skin, muscle and fat on your body.

→ The zebra’s flesh has black and white stripes.

<nhìn thịt ngon đến mức phải lé sao>

grapefruit

grapefruit [ˈgreɪpfruːt] n. bưởi

A grapefruit is a fruit similar to an orange, but bigger and not as sweet.

→ Would you like a grapefruit with your breakfast?

hay

hay [heɪ] n. cỏ khô

Hay is dry grass used to feed animals or used as a covering.

→ I need to buy some more hay for the horse to sleep on.

<heey, lấy cho chút cỏ khô đi>

horrified

horrified [ˈhɔ:rəˌfaɪd] adj. sợ hãi, kinh hoàng

If you are horrified, you are very shocked and feel upset.

→ I was horrified when I read about the old lady who was attacked.

kerosene

kerosene [ˈkerəsiːn] n. dầu hỏa

Kerosene is a type of oil. It is used in some lamps and stoves.

→ Many people in poor countries cook on kerosene stoves.

<kẻ đó rở túi ra xin dầu hỏa>

loop

loop [luːp] n. vòng lặp

A loop is a line made into the shape of a circle.

→ He made a loop with the rope and placed it over the post.

paddle

paddle [ˈpædl] n. giầm (dung để chèo thuyền), mái chèo

A paddle is a piece of wood or plastic that moves a boat across water.

→ We need a paddle to help us move across the water.

<ban độ mái chèo>

raft

raft [ræft] n. cái bè

A raft is a floating platform made from pieces of wood tied together.

→ The man made a raft out of bamboo and floated out to sea.

<ra phải làm cái bè mới được>

sour

sour [ˈsauə:r] adj. chua

When something is sour, it has a sharp and unpleasant taste.

→ I don’t like lemons because I think they are too sour.

<sao chua thế ờ>

stake

stake [steɪk] n. cái cọc

A stake is a small, sharp piece of wood or metal that is put into the ground.

→ We marked our property by placing stakes into the ground.

<sợ Tây không thấy cái cọc>

steward

steward [ˈstjuːərd] n. quản gia, người quản lý bếp ăn

A steward is a person like a waiter who serves food on planes and ships.

→ The steward is bringing some tea.

<quản gia sợ tui đi guốc>

string

string [strɪŋ] n. sợi dây, xâu, chuỗi

String is a thin piece of fabric or rope.

→ I found a large ball of string.

thorn

thorn [θɔːrn] n. cái gai

A thorn is a sharp part of a plant.

→ Be careful of the thorns when you pick the roses!

<thò cái gai ra rồi>

wreck

wreck [rek] v. phá hủy

To wreck something means to destroy or ruin it.

→ The teenagers wrecked the house for no reason at all.

<rét phá hủy mọi thứ>

========================================3======================================

admonish

admonish [ədˈmɒnɪʃ] v. khuyên bảo, răn đe

To admonish someone is to tell them you disapprove of their behavior.

→ The teacher admonished Mark because he was chewing gum in class.

<anh đừng mà khuyên bảo, răn đe con nit như vậy mà>

audible

audible [ˈɔːdəbl] adj. có thể nghe thấy

If something is audible, then it is able to be heard.

→ The sound of the drums was audible from miles away.

awesome

awesome [ˈɔːsəm] adj. tuyệt vời

If something or someone is awesome, they are impressive or frightening.

→ The huge military plane was an awesome sight.

<ông xem cái này tuyệt vời lắm>

beware

beware [bɪˈwɛər] v. cẩn thận

To beware means to be careful of something or someone that is dangerous.

→ You should beware of driving fast on wet roads.

<cẩn thận kẻo bị què ờ>

brag

brag [bræg] v. khoe khoang

To brag means to talk of one’s abilities or achievements in a proud way.

→ He had strong muscles and bragged about it to the entire class.

<bảo ra rồi mà vẫn muốn ở lại khoe khoang>

conscious

conscious [ˈkɒnʃəs] adj. ý thức

If someone is conscious of something, then they are aware of it.

→ The new student was conscious of the other students staring at her.

disagree

disagree [dɪsəgriː] v. không đồng ý

To disagree with someone means to have a different opinion from them.

→ The lawyers disagreed about the best way to settle the case.

echo

echo [ˈekou] v. vọng

To echo means that a sound repeats itself because it bounced off an object.

→ The child yelled over the canyon, and the wall echoed the sound.

<em cáu nên hét vọng lên>

eventual

eventual [iˈventʃuəl] adj. cuối cùng

If something is eventual, it will happen at the end of a series of events.

→ The constant training and planning led the team to an eventual victory.

hint

hint [hint] n. gợi ý

A hint is information that suggests something will happen or is true.

→ I quietly passed on a hint to my sister about the test.

idiot

idiot [ˈɪdɪət] n. thằng ngốc

An idiot is a person who is not smart or who has done something silly.

→ Because he got lost in the forest, the man felt like an idiot.

immense

immense [iˈmens] adj. mênh mông

If something is immense, it is very large.

→ An immense amount of money was needed to buy such a large boat.

<í nó có men say là cảm thấy bao la, mênh mông ngay>

indirect

indirect [indiˈrekt] adj. gián tiếp

If something is indirect, then it is not the easiest or straightest way.

→ He chose to take the most indirect route to the coast.

option

option [ˈɒpʃən] n. lựa chọn

An option is a choice between two or more things.

→ The children were given the option of three houses to pick from.

pastime

pastime [ˈpæstaɪm] n. trò tiêu khiển

A pastime is an activity done for fun that you do often.

→ In the US, baseball is considered the national pastime.

perfect

perfect [ˈpəːrfɪkt] adj. hoàn hảo

If something is perfect, then it is without any mistakes.

→ She got all the questions right, so her score was perfect.

pinpoint

pinpoint [ˈpɪnpɔɪnt] v. xác định

To pinpoint something means to locate it exactly.

→ The navigation system in my car is able to pinpoint my exact location.

<pin pỏi là xác định rồi>

switch

switch [swɪtʃ] v. chuyển đổi

To switch means to change something to something else.

→ Mom switched the TV station from the news to her favorite show.

thorough

thorough [ˈθə:rou] adj. hoàn toàn, kỹ lưỡng

If something or someone is thorough, then they are complete in every way.

→ Tina did a thorough job of cleaning the stains out of the carpet.

<thở dài rẫu nó quá kỹ lưỡng>

torment

torment [ˈtɔːrment] v. giày vò, hành hạ

To torment someone means to cause them to suffer on purpose.

→ She tormented her little brother by taking his favorite toy.

<to rồi mình sẽ hành hạ lại nó>

=========================================4=====================================

beak

beak [beak] n. mỏ chim

A beak is the hard curved part of a bird’s mouth.

→ The bird used her beak to dig a small hole in the ground.

<bé không lấy mỏ chim à>

damp

damp [dæmp] adj. ẩm

If something is damp, it is somewhat wet.

→ My hair is still damp from my shower.

<đầm phải ẩm ẩm>

disapprove

disapprove [disəˈpruːv] v. không chấp nhận, từ chối

To disapprove of something is to think that it is wrong.

→ Alex, disapproved of his son’s behavior.

except

except [ɪkˈsept] prep. ngoài trừ

You use except to talk about the only thing that a statement does not apply to.

→ Everyone had fun on the trip except Jim, who felt ill the whole time.

flight

flight [flaɪt] n. chuyến bay

A flight is an act of flying, often in an airplane.

→ The airplane made a flight around the world.

<phải lái thành công chuyến bay>

fond

fond [fɒnd] adj. thích

When someone is fond of something, they like it.

→ I am very fond of chocolate cake.

immoral

immoral [ɪˈmɔ(:)rəl] adj. trái đạo đức

When something or someone is immoral, they are evil or do bad things.

→ Stealing money from one’s mother is an immoral act.

ivy

ivy [ˈaivi] n. dây leo dài mọc lên trên các bức tường

Ivy is a plant with long vines that grows upward typically on walls.

→ The walls of the castle are covered with ivy.

<ai vì dây leo dài mọc lên trên các bức tường mà để đâu>

moan

moan [moun] v. rên rỉ

To moan is to make a low sound when feeling pain or sadness.

→ The sick man moaned from his bed.

<mất một mẩu thịt mà nó rên rỉ>

oblivious

oblivious [əˈblɪvɪəs] adj. quên lãng

If someone is oblivious of something, they are unaware of it.

→ I was late to school because I was oblivious of the time.

<tớ bảo li vớt mà quên lãng đi mất>

perish

perish [ˈperɪʃ] v. diệt vong, thiệt mạng

To perish means to die, usually because of bad conditions or bad events.

→ Many people perish in wars.

<bơ mà rít nó như vậy là thiệt mạng luôn đó>

pit

pit [pit] n. hố

A pit is a big hole in the ground.

→ Michael fell into the pit and needed some help to get out.

<ai pít cái hố đấy đâu>

rim

rim [rim] n. vành

The rim is the outside edge of a round thing, like a cup or bottle.

→ I put my lips to the rim of the bottle and took a drink.

<bán rim mực ngoài vành đai>

roost

roost [ruːst] n. chỗ đậu để ngủ của chim, gà, …

A roost is a place where birds can land and rest or sleep.

→ The family of doves made a roost at the top of the tree.

<rủ xem từng đến chỗ đậu để ngủ của chim, gà, …>

slippery

slippery [ˈslɪpərɪ] adj. trơn

If something is slippery, it is wet or smooth and causes people to slip.

→ The repairman fell down on the floor because it was too slippery.

soar

soar [sɔːr] v. bay vút lên

To soar means to fly high in the air.

→ As the sun rose, two eagles soared through the sky.

<sỏ cánh rồi bay vút lên nhé>

trivial

trivial [ˈtrɪvɪəl] adj. tầm thường

If something is trivial, it is not important or meaningful.

→ Television is trivial, but learning to read is very important.

typical

typical [ˈtɪpɪkəl] adj. tiêu biểu, điển hình

If something is typical, it is normal for a certain type of thing.

→ Barking is typical behavior for dogs.

utterly

utterly [ˈʌtəlɪ] adv. hoàn toàn, tuyệt đối

If something is utterly a way, it is completely that way.

→ When the sun was blocked by the moon, it was utterly dark outside.

<anh tớ vừa hoàn toàn li hôn rồi>

weep

weep [wiːp] v. khóc

To weep means to cry.

→ My sister told me the dramatic movie would make me weep.

<mất khuy nên phải khóc>

=========================================5====================================

awhile

awhile [əˈwaɪl] adv. một lúc

If you do something awhile, you do it for a short time.

→ Wait here awhile, and I’ll bring some tea.

<ơ quái lạ nó làm gì trong một lúc thế>

cyberspace

cyberspace [ˈsaɪbərspeɪs] n. không gian mạng

Cyberspace is the imaginary place of the Internet where activities occur.

→ I didn’t receive your email. It probably got lost in cyberspace.

edit

edit [ˈedɪt] v. biên tập, chỉnh sửa

To edit means to correct a piece of writing so that it is suitable to be published.

→ She asked her brother to edit her paper before she submitted it to her teacher.

essay

essay [ˈeseɪ] n. bài luận

An essay is a short piece of writing on a certain subject.

→ She had to write a two-page essay for her English class.

evaluate

evaluate [iˈvӕljueit] v. đánh giá

To evaluate something means to study it, so a decision can be made.

→ Joe and Ken evaluated the plan and agreed that it would work.

faint

faint [feɪnt] v. ngất xỉu

To faint means to go unconscious and fall down.

→ Carol fainted because she hadn’t eaten in over a day.

<lên face nhắn tin mà ngất xỉu>

global

global [ˈgloubəl] adj. toàn cầu

If something is global, it happens all around the world.

→ Pollution is a global problem.

gymnasium

gymnasium [dʒɪmˈneɪzɪəm] n. phòng tập thể dục

A gymnasium is a building with equipment that you can use to get exercise.

→ When I go to the gymnasium, I use the treadmill for 20 minutes.

<để gim nên nay t dí dùm trong phòng tập thể dục >

highlight

highlight [ˈhaɪlaɪt] v. làm nổi bật

To highlight something means to mark it with a color so that it is easy to see.

→ I read my vocabulary list and highlighted the most difficult words.

ignorant

ignorant [ˈɪgnərənt] adj. thiếu hiểu biết

If someone is ignorant about something, they have no knowledge about it.

→ I’m a bit ignorant about his theories. Can you explain them to me?

<í là nó dần thiếu hiểu biết>

index

index [ˈɪndeks] n. chỉ số

An index is a list of words at the end of a book that gives information.

→ If you look in the index, you’ll find the right page number.

lecture

lecture [ˈlektʃə:r] n. bài giảng

A lecture is a long, educational speech.

→ His lecture on world hunger was very informative.

moral

moral [ˈmɔ(:)rəl] n. đạo đức

A moral is a message at the end of a story that teaches you something.

→ At the end of the story, Mother explained the moral to the children.

operate

operate [ˈɒpəreɪt] v. hoạt động

To operate means to work or function.

→ I’m sorry, but the trains are not operating today.

private

private [ˈpraɪvɪt] adj. riêng tư

If something is private, it is only used by one person or group.

→ Don’t look at my diary! It’s private!

recent

recent [ˈriːsənt] adj. gần đây

When something is recent, it happened a short time ago.

→ I did not know what caused his recent behavior.

resolution

resolution [ˌrezəˈluːʃən] n. quyết định cá nhân

A resolution is a personal decision.

→ At New Year, I made a list of resolutions to help me have a better year.

<rì giơ nên lú từng cái quyết định cá nhân>

semester

semester [sɪˈmestər] n. học kỳ

A semester is a portion of a school year.

→ Jack is in his second semester of college.

typewritten

typewritten [ˈtaɪpˌrɪtn] adj. được đánh máy

If something is typewritten, it is written on a computer or typewriter.

→ This is an important, formal project and must be typewritten.

weird

weird [wiə:rd] adj. kỳ lạ

When something is weird, it is very strange.

→ My best friend’s dad is a bit weird.

<khuya rồi đó mà vẫn online nên hơi kỳ lạ>

=========================================6====================================

absolute

absolute [ˈæbsəluːt] adj. tuyệt đối

If something is absolute, it is total or complete.

→ My presentation was an absolute disaster! It was terrible!

alas

alas [əˈlæs] int. alas

Alas is a word that people say when something bad happens.

→ I looked everywhere for my purse, but alas, I couldn’t find it.

attentive

attentive [əˈtentɪv] adj. chăm chú

If you are attentive, you are careful and you pay attention.

→ He is a good student because he is attentive to every detail on his work.

cape

cape [keɪp] n. áo choàng

A cape is a large cloth that covers one’s back and is tied around the neck.

→ The superhero wore a long red cape.

<cây này phải mặc áo choàng>

envision

envision [ɪnˈvɪʒən] v. hình dung

To envision something means to imagine that it may happen.

→ I can envision my mom’s face when I give her this present!

<hình dung rồi in ra người đi xe vision>

evenly

evenly [ˈiːvənlɪ] adv. đồng đều

When something happens evenly, it happens at the same rate or level.

→ The food was handed out evenly among the hungry people.

<ý nó là vặn ly một cách đồng đều>

folk

folk [fouk] n. dân gian, dân tộc

Folk are common or average people.

→ I’ve invited all the folks from our street to a gathering at my place.

melt

melt [melt] v. tan chảy

To melt means to turn from a solid to a liquid.

→ The snowman that we made yesterday melted in the sun.

<méo làm tan chảy được>

patch

patch [pætʃ] n. miếng vá

A patch is a part of a surface that is different in appearance from the rest.

→ There was one small patch of grass in the sand-covered desert.

<bắt chờ lấy miếng vá>

pleasure

pleasure [ˈpleʒər] n. niềm vui thích

Pleasure is a feeling of happiness.

→ The student smiled with pleasure when she received the prize.

pop

pop [pop] n. tiếng nổ, tiếng pop

A pop is a short, loud sound.

→ I heard a loud pop; then my computer screen shattered.

pudding

pudding [ˈpudiŋ] n. bánh tráng miệng ngọt

A pudding is a sweet dessert.

→ Would you like some chocolate pudding and coffee for dessert?

<bu định làm bánh tráng miệng ngọt >

rail

rail [reɪl] n. thanh chắn

A rail is a horizontal bar made of metal or wood.

→ The cat was sitting on the rail of the fence.

<lấy giấy làm thanh chắn>

recipe

recipe [ˈresəpi:] n. công thức

A recipe is a set of instructions to make food.

→ The apple cake that you made is really tasty. Can I have the recipe, please?

role

role [roul] n. vai trò

A role is the normal purpose or function of a person or thing.

→ My role at work is to check the quality of the products.

shrink

shrink [ʃriŋk] v. co lại

To shrink means to get smaller.

→ If you stick to a healthy diet, your stomach will shrink!

soak

soak [souk] v. ngâm

To soak something means to make it very wet.

→ You need to soak these beans overnight before you cook them.

<ngâm thế có sâu quá không>

spark

spark [spɑːrk] n. tia lửa

A spark is a small, quick flash of fire.

→ As he welded the two pieces of metal together, sparks flew everywhere.

<sao bác không né tia lửa>

spirit

spirit [ˈspirit] n. tinh thần

A spirit is someone’s feelings and personality, but not a physical body part.

→ He has a very outgoing spirit. He can make friends with anyone.

suit

suit [suːt] n. bộ đồ

A suit is a set of clothes. It usually includes a jacket with pants or a skirt.

→ I wore my new suit on my date with Melissa.

=========================================7====================================

account

account [əˈkaunt] n. tài khoản

An account with a bank is an arrangement to keep one’s money there.

→ After I paid for the new car, my bank account was nearly empty.

architect

architect [ˈɑːrkɪtekt] n. kiến trúc sư

An architect is a person who designs buildings.

→ The plans for building the new home were drawn by a famous architect.

conceal

conceal [kənˈsiːl] v. che giấu

To conceal something means to hide it.

→ You should conceal your money so no one can take it from you.

<con si kia làm gì mà che dấu thế>

crime

crime [kraɪm] n. tội ác

A crime is something bad that a person does that can be punished by law.

→ Police quickly arrived at the scene of the crime.

deed

deed [diːd] n. chứng thư

A deed is a certificate that proves that someone owns something.

→ When she bought the car, she was given a deed to show the car was hers.

<đi để làm chứng thư>

gratitude

gratitude [ˈgrӕtətjuːd] n. lòng biết ơn

Gratitude is a feeling of being thankful.

→ The kids showed Aunt Tess much gratitude for visiting them.

habitat

habitat [ˈhӕbətӕt] n. môi trường sống

A habitat is the natural home of animals or plants.

→ Frogs are often found in a wet habitat, such as near a lake, river, or pond.

intervene

intervene [intərviːn] v. can thiệp

To intervene means to help stop a problem between two people or groups.

→ The students argued until the teacher intervened.

landmark

landmark [ˈlændmɑːrk] n. cột mốc

A landmark is an object that helps people find or remember a location.

→ The tall tree was used as a landmark for people to find the road to the inn.

legal

legal [ˈliːgəl] adj. hợp pháp

If something is legal, it is related to the law or allowed by the law.

→ It was not legal for him to drive until he was eighteen years old.

memorable

memorable [ˈmemərəbəl] adj. đáng nhớ

If something is memorable, then it is remembered for a special reason.

→ The party was memorable; people were still talking about it years later.

oblige

oblige [əˈblaɪdʒ] v. bắt buộc

To oblige someone means to require them to do something.

→ If I wanted to have playtime, I was obliged to clean my room once a week.

offense

offense [əˈfens] n. sự xúc phạm

An offense is an action that breaks the law and requires punishment.

→ He was put in jail for two days for the offense.

proclaim

proclaim [prouˈkleim] v. công bố, tuyên bố

To proclaim something means to say it in public.

→ The army general proclaimed that the war was won.

rally

rally [ˈrӕli] n. cuộc biểu tình

A rally is a large public meeting in order to support something.

→ The school had a rally in the gym to support the basketball team.

<ra lấy ly nước đi xem cuộc biểu tình>

resolve

resolve [rɪˈzɒlv] v. giải quyết

To resolve something means to find a solution.

→ She resolved the problem with her children by giving them both a toy.

resource

resource [rɪˈsɔːrs] n. tài nguyên, nguồn lực

Resources are a person or country’s money and materials that they can use.

→ The poor man didn’t have the resources to feed himself.

sentence

sentence [ˈsentəns] n. bản án

A sentence is punishment given to someone who didn’t follow the law.

→ The sentence for stealing a car is much worse than for stealing candy.

<Sen từng xem bản án>

volunteer

volunteer [volənˈtiər] v. tình nguyện viên

To volunteer means to offer to do something for free.

→ Many people volunteered to help the adults learn to read.

witness

witness [ˈwitnis] n. nhân chứng

A witness is someone who sees or hears a crime or accident happen.

→ The woman was the only witness of the horrible crime.

<nhân chứng đã lấy quýt của đứa con nit>

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access

access [ˈækses] n. quyền truy cập

Access is the right to enter or use something.

→ The manager was the only person with access to the password.

conduct

conduct [ˈkɒndʌkt] n. tiến hành, ứng xử

Conduct is the way that someone acts.

→ She was punished for her bad conduct.

constant

constant [ˈkɒnstənt] adj. hằng số, không đổi

When an event or action is constant, it happens a lot or all the time.

→ The television at home is in constant use.

crack

crack [kræk] n. vết rạn nứt

A crack is a narrow space between the parts of something broken.

→ The old window was covered with cracks.

device

device [diˈvais] n. thiết bị

A device is an object or a machine.

→ A thermometer is a device that tells temperature.

enclose

enclose [inˈklouz] v. bao bọc

To enclose something is to contain it.

→ The cows in the field were enclosed by a fence.

grip

grip [grɪp] v. nắm chặt

To grip something is to hold it very tightly.

→ I was scared, so I gripped my older sister’s hand.

<nắm chặt quá giờ rip luôn rồi>

halt

halt [hɔːlt] v. dừng lại

To halt is to stop moving.

→ The criminal halted when he saw the police coming.

<dừng lại đi sao m hay làm thế>

impending

impending [ɪmˈpendɪŋ] adj. sắp xảy ra

If something is impending, it is going to happen soon.

→ The student was nervous about his impending test.

<nằm im bên định chờ chuyện sắp xảy ra>

influence

influence [ˈinfluəns] v. ảnh hưởng

To influence someone or something is to have an effect over them.

→ My friend influenced my decision to attend Terrance University.

law

law [lɔː] n. pháp luật

A law is a rule made by the legislative body.

→ The students learned about different laws during social studies class.

mode

mode [moud] n. chế độ

A mode is a setting or condition on a machine.

→ Mother turned the TV to quiet mode while she talked on the phone.

perspire

perspire [pəsˈpaɪər] v. đổ mồ hôi

To perspire means to sweat.

→ I usually perspire a lot when I am at practice.

<ăn bơ với chô cô bai chảy mồ hôi rồi ờ >

replace

replace [riˈpleis] v. thay thế

To replace something is to put it in the place of something else.

→ I replaced the tire on my car because it was flat.

snap

snap [snæp] v. phá vỡ đột ngột

To snap something means to break it suddenly, which causes a loud noise.

→ I took the stick and snapped it with my hands.

<sao nắp kia lại bị phá vỡ đột ngột >

sly

sly [slai] adj. ranh mãnh

If a person or animal is sly, they are sneaky or good at tricking people.

→ The sly fox stole the eggs from the nest.

<sợ lai tên ranh mãnh kia lắm>

tend

tend [tend] v. xu hướng

To tend to do something is to be likely to do it or to do it often.

→ My mom tends to buy me the perfect gift each Christmas.

valid

valid [ˈvælid] adj. hợp lệ

When something is valid, it is correct or based on good reasoning.

→ The expert’s opinion on the subject was more valid than others.

version

version [ˈvəːrʒən] n. phiên bản

A version is an account of something that differs slightly from the original.

→ She read the students British version of the Chinese fairy tale.

whatsoever

whatsoever [hwɒtsouˈevər] adj. bất kỳ cái gì

You use whatsoever after a noun to emphasize that there is nothing of that thing.

→ The boy had no idea whatsoever how to solve the story problem.

=========================================9====================================

alongside

alongside [əˈlɒŋˈsaɪd] adv. bên cạnh

If something is alongside another thing, then it is next to it.

→ We work alongside each other in the office.

appetite

appetite [ˈæpitait] n. sự them ăn

Your appetite is your hunger for food.

→ Tom has a big appetite. He eats all the time.

assist

assist [əˈsist] v. giúp đỡ

To assist someone is to help them.

→ Andrew assisted me with my homework.

breeze

breeze [briːz] n. cơn gió nhẹ

A breeze is a soft wind.

→ The breeze caused the leaves to fall off the tree.

<bảo rì dậy có cơn gió nhẹ>

defy

defy [diˈfai] v. bất chấp

To defy someone is to work against them or refuse to do what they say.

→ The students got into trouble for defying their teacher’s rules.

<đã đi thì phải bất chấp>

display

display [disˈplei] v. trưng bày, hiển thị

To display something is to show it, especially by putting it in a certain place.

→ The museum displayed many wonderful paintings.

efficient

efficient [iˈfiʃənt] adj. hiệu quả

If something or someone is efficient, they do not waste energy.

→ My car is very efficient. I rarely have to buy gas.

feeble

feeble [ˈfiːbəl] adj. yếu ớt

If someone is feeble, they are small or weak.

→ The boy was too feeble to carry the object very far.

<phi bỏ con bồ yếu ớt>

forgive

forgive [fə:rgɪv] v. tha thứ

To forgive someone is to stop being angry with them.

→ Sandra forgave Peter after he said he was sorry.

lively

lively [ˈlaivli] adj. sống động, hung vỹ

If someone is lively, they have a lot of energy.

→ Jennifer is very lively: she’s always running and playing.

majestic

majestic [məˈdʒestik] adj. oai vệ

If something is majestic, it is large and beautiful.

→ The rich people lived in a big, majestic house.

<mà nó rét run khi t thích oai vệ>

nor

nor [nɔːr] conj nor

You use nor to connect two negative ideas.

→ I eat neither apples nor oranges. I don’t like either one.

outraged

outraged [ˈautreɪdʒ] adj. vô cùng giận dữ

If someone is outraged, they are very angry.

→ My father was outraged when he saw that I had crashed his car.

<đau khi bị trây lì nên giờ vô cùng giận dữ>

pessimistic

pessimistic [ˌpesəˈmistik] adj. bi quan

If someone is pessimistic, they believe that the worst will happen.

→ John is pessimistic. He always thinks something bad will happen.

rumor

rumor [ˈruːmər] n. tin đồn

A rumor is something people talk about even though it may not be true.

→ Kevin was spreading rumors about Marcia to everyone.

slap

slap [slæp] v. vả, tát

To slap someone means to hit them with the palm of the hand.

→ Out of anger, Helen slapped Eunice on the face.

<sợ mất lap bị vả, tát>

smash

smash [smæʃ] v. đạp vỡ

To smash something is to break it into many small pieces.

→ Jacob smashed the window with a rock.

<sợ mà sao lại đạp vỡ>

subject

subject [ˈsʌbdʒɪkt] n. chủ đề, môn học

A subject is the topic that is being discussed or taught.

→ The subject of Marco’s speech was the economy.

wage

wage [weɪdʒ] n. lương

A wage is the money that a person gets for doing a job.

→ The wages I receive from my job are really great!

whereas

whereas [hwɛərˈæz] conj. trong khi

You use whereas to show how two things are different.

→ My sister loves horror movies, whereas I prefer comedies.

<trong khi que ở trong cái rát dường>

=========================================10====================================

animate

animate [ˈӕnəmit] adj. sinh động

When something is animate, it has life.

→ Rocks and machines are not animate things.

classify

classify [ˈklӕsəfai] v. phân loại

To classify things is to put them into groups based on their type.

→ The biologist classified the plant as a completely new species.

concede

concede [kənˈsiːd] v. thừa nhận

To concede is to admit that something is true against your wish.

→ The student conceded that he had cheated on the test.

<thừ nhận đi đừng si mê nữa>

concept

concept [ˈkɒnsept] n. khái niệm

A concept is an idea about something.

→ I learned some concepts of molecules before working in the science lab.

construct

construct [kənˈstrʌkt] v. xây dựng

To construct something means to make or build it.

→ The men used wood and metal to construct a house.

decade

decade [ˈdekeɪd] n. thập kỷ

A decade is a period often years.

→ She celebrated her three decades of work with the company.

<sang thập kỷ mới rồi đi cấy cái đã>

diagram

diagram [ˈdaiəgrӕm] n. biểu đồ, sơ đồ

A diagram is a simple drawing that explains what something is or how it works.

→ By following the diagram, I was able to put the desk together.

ferry

ferry [ˈferi] n. phà

A ferry is a boat that carries passengers over short distances.

→ The ferry took the people across the lake.

handy

handy [ˈhændi] adj. tiện dụng

If something is handy, it is useful.

→ An eraser is handy if you make a lot of mistakes.

<hẹn đi mua đồ tiện dụng>

isolate

isolate [ˈaisəleit] v. cách ly, cô lập

To isolate is to separate one person or thing from a group.

→ The teacher isolated the bad child from the class before talking with her.

longing

longing [ˈlɔ(:)ŋɪŋ] n. khao khát

A longing is a strong feeling of wanting.

→ Since he skipped breakfast, he had a longing for food all morning.

<khao khát được lo nghing đón thần tượng>

numerous

numerous [ˈnjuːmərəs] adj. rất nhiều

If something is numerous, there are many of those things.

→ It was hard to drive fast since there were numerous holes in the road.

particle

particle [ˈpaːrtikl] n. mẩu, chút

A particle is a very small piece of something.

→ The bottles of wine were covered in a layer of dust particles.

<ba thích sự cố gắng làm mỗi thứ một chút, mẩu>

plea

plea [pliː] n. lời cầu xin

A plea is a request that is urgent or emotional.

→ The poor, hungry man made a plea for food.

<phải lì khi có lời cầu xin>

refrain

refrain [riˈfrein] v. kiềm chế, hạn chế

To refrain from something is to avoid doing it.

→ The doctor asked Mary to refrain from eating fast food as part of her diet.

<rì phải rẫy để kiềm chế, hạn chế lại>

review

review [riˈvjuː] n. xem xét, đánh giá

A review of something is a formal inspection of it by people in authority.

→ The government ordered a careful review of the economic situation.

sophisticated

sophisticated [səˈfistəkeitid] adj. tinh vi, sành sỏi

If someone is sophisticated, they know many things about the world.

→ Jake is one of the most sophisticated persons I’ve ever met.

surrender

surrender [səˈrendər] v. đầu hàng

To surrender something is to give it up.

→ The thief surrendered the money to the police when he was caught.

upright

upright [ˈʌprait] adj. chính trực, ngay thẳng

If something is upright, it is standing up straight.

→ Meerkats can’t walk like humans, but they can stand upright.

<áp dụng chính trực, ngay thẳng những right đề ra>

worthwhile

worthwhile [ˈwəːrθhwail] adj. đáng giá

If something is worthwhile, it is important or useful.

→ On his visit to Canada, he realized studying English was worthwhile.

<đánh giá cao khi cua được con yêu quái đấy >

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alliance

alliance [əˈlaiəns] n. liên minh

An alliance is a group of people who work together.

→ The junior executives formed an alliance with each other.

<ơ lai từng đứa trong liên minh sao >

applause

applause [əˈplɔːz] n. vỗ tay

Applause is the noise made when people clap hands to show approval.

→ At the end of his speech, everyone gave applause.

armed

armed [ɑːrmd] adj. vũ trang

If you are armed, you are carrying a weapon.

→ The robber was armed with a gun.

<ỏm đã được vào trong ll vũ trang>

authoritative

authoritative [əˈθɔːriteitiv] adj. có Thẩm quyền

If something is authoritative, it uses the best information available.

→ This book is an authoritative source on Ancient Egypt’s Queen Nefertiti.

ceremony

ceremony [ˈserəmouni] n. nghi thức, buổi lễ

A ceremony is an event that happens on special occasions.

→ Tom and Amy’s marriage ceremony is in June.

culture

culture [ˈkʌltʃər] n. văn hoá

Culture is the music, art, and writings of a certain place or group of people.

→ Ancient Mexican culture is renowned for its architecture.

defense

defense [diˈfens] n. phòng thủ, phòng vệ

A defense is something that is done to protect another thing.

→ The airforce works in defense of its country.

detail

detail [ˈdiːteil] n. chi tiết

A detail is a small piece of information.

→ Jane told Ben all the details of her trip to China.

diverse

diverse [diˈvəːrs] adj. đa dạng, khác

When a group of things is diverse, it is made up of a wide variety of things.

→ Big cities have diverse populations with people of different races and ages.

enchant

enchant [inˈtʃænt] v. mê hoặc

To enchant someone is to make them feel very interested or happy.

→ The beautiful woman enchanted everybody in the room.

<in cái chân thấy mê hoặc quá>

equip

equip [iˈkwip] v. trang bị

To equip someone is to give them the things needed to do something.

→ Steve was equipped with the tools needed to do the job.

exception

exception [ikˈsepʃən] n. ngoại lệ

An exception is someone or something not conforming to a rule.

→ Most students thought the test was hard, but Tim was the exception.

genre

genre [ʒɑ̃ːnrə] n. thể loại

A genre is a type of literature, art, or music characterized by its style.

→ She is considered a master in the comedy genre.

<nó dãn thời gian chọn thể loại rồi>

impact

impact [ˈimpækt] n. tác động

An impact is the effect someone or something has on another.

→ My grandmother had a great impact on my life.

lure

lure [luər] v. thu hút, nhử

To lure someone is to convince them to do something, by using a trick.

→ The store lures people in with big signs that say “Sale!”

<thu hút để lùa gà ờ>

obstacle

obstacle [ˈɒbstəkəl] n. chướng ngại

An obstacle is an object or a problem that stops you from doing something.

→ Climbing over the giant rock was the biggest obstacle for the hikers.

shelter

shelter [ˈʃeltə:r] n. nơi trú ấn

A shelter is a place to go that is safe from danger or bad weather.

→ The frog took shelter from the storm in a nearby cave.

sort

sort [sɔːrt] v. Sắp xếp

To sort means to separate things into different groups or classes.

→ He sorted his clothes by colors and sizes.

supply

supply [səˈplai] v. cung cấp

To supply something means to give people what they need or want.

→ The water heater supplied the house with warm water.

vain

vain [vein] adj. tự đắc, tự phụ, hão huyền

If people are vain, they are only concerned with how they look.

→ Rebecca is so vain that she looks at herself in every mirror.

<vẫy nó làm gì khi nó quá tự đắc, tự phụ, hão huyền>

=================================================12===============================

alternative

alternative [ɔːlˈtəːrnətiv] n. sự thay thế

An alternative is something that you can choose instead of your first choice.

→ Her first plan to make extra money seemed weak, so she chose an alternative.

avenue

avenue [ˈævənjuː] n. đại lộ

An avenue is a road, often a large one with buildings on each side.

→ Drive down this avenue and then turn left to go to the park.

<anh vẫn níu tay mn trên đại lộ>

belly

belly [ˈbeli] n. bụng

The belly is the stomach of a person or animal.

→ His belly was full because he ate a lot of food.

<bé li có cái bụng to>

bid

bid [bid] n. sự trả giá

A bid to do something is an attempt to do it.

→ He made a bid to become the university’s next president.

<đã có sự trả giá về quả bí đỏ đó>

blow

blow [blou] v. thổi

To blow means to move air or move something through the air, as in the wind.

→ The wind is blowing very hard today. We should stay inside.

conflict

conflict [ˈkɒnflɪkt] n. cuộc xung đột

A conflict is a fight between different people or groups.

→ The two nations had a conflict over which one could use the water in the river.

continent

continent [ˈkɒntənənt] n. lục địa

A continent is one of the seven large areas of land on the Earth.

→ Asia is the largest continent.

<cần tớ nói lần lượt về từng lục địa không>

current

current [ˈkə:rənt] n. hiện tại

A current is a steady and constant flow of air or water in a river or ocean.

→ The ocean currents took the ship far off into the sea.

disrespect

disrespect [ˈdisrisˈpekt] n. không tôn trọng

Disrespect is rudeness or a behavior that shows a lack of respect.

→ He showed disrespect by arguing with his boss during a meeting.

enthusiasm

enthusiasm [enˈθuːzɪæzəm] n. sự nhiệt tình

Enthusiasm is a very strong good feeling about something.

→ The crowd showed their enthusiasm for the soccer team by cheering loudly.

harsh

harsh [hɑːrʃ] adj. khắc nghiệt

When something is harsh, it is very unpleasant.

→ The desert can be a very harsh environment.

<khắc nghiệt quá, họ giờ sao rồi>

lean

lean [li:n] v. dựa

To lean is to bend the body in a particular direction.

→ The woman leaned against the counter because she was tired.

<ly nó dựa vài tường mà>

meantime

meantime [ˈmiːnˈtaim] n. thời gian Chờ đợi

The meantime is the time between two events.

→ Ted began setting the table. In the meantime, I began preparing the food.

<mi tham quan trong thời gian chờ đợi>

mischief

mischief [ˈmistʃif] n. nghịch ngợm

Mischief is behavior that is meant to trick or cause trouble for people.

→ Ben was up to mischief when he persuaded Ken to paint his face.

muscle

muscle [ˈmʌsəl] n. cơ

Muscle is a mass of tissue attached to bone that helps you move.

→ She went to the gym in order to make her muscles stronger.

rescue

rescue [ˈreskjuː] v. giải cứu

To rescue someone means to remove them from danger.

→ The firefighter rescued the man from the burning building.

<rì sẽ kêu mọi người giải cứu>

succession

succession [səkˈseʃən] n. sự kế vị

A succession is a number of things that follow one after the other.

→ The student said the letters of the alphabet in succession.

terrain

terrain [təˈrein] n. địa hình

The terrain is the land and all of its physical features or parts.

→ The terrain below was rocky and full of hills.

<tớ rên lên khi gặp địa hình hiểm trở>

timid

timid [ˈtimid] adj. nhút nhát

If someone is timid, they are afraid, shy, or nervous.

→ The timid child hides behind her mother whenever she sees a stranger.

<nó nhút nhát quá tí nữa thì mất quả mít>

violence

violence [ˈvaiələns] n. bạo lực

Violence is forceful action that is meant to injure or kill people.

→ The boy hit his brother in an act of violence.

================================================13======================

affect

affect [əˈfekt] v. Ảnh hưởng đến

To affect someone or something is to have an influence over them.

→ The student’s poor attitude affected the other students in the class.

autograph

autograph [ˈɔːtəgrɑːf] n. Chữ ký

An autograph is the written name of a famous person.

→ Everybody wanted the movie star’s autograph.

<ông tờ giờ ra phải có chữ ký>

bead

bead [bi:d] n. hạt

A bead is a drop of liquid.

→ Beads of water collected outside the glass.

<phải có hạt bí đao nhé>

brew

brew [bru:] v. pha

To brew coffee or tea means to pour hot water over it.

→ Please brew a fresh pot of coffee.

<bảo rủ mọi người pha cafe mà>

charm

charm [tʃɑːrm] v. sự quyến rũ

To charm someone is to please them with your personality.

→ Gail charmed everyone with her humorous stories.

destiny

destiny [ˈdestəni] n. số phận, định mệnh

A destiny is all the things that happen or will happen to a person in their life.

→ It was his destiny to become a great singer.

horn

horn [hɔːrn] n. còi

A horn is a device that makes a loud noise.

→ The boy honked his horn while he rode his bicycle past the house.

<họ nói về cái còi>

irritable

irritable [ˈirətəbəl] adj. cáu kỉnh

When someone is irritable, they become annoyed or angry very easily.

→ She is irritable when she doesn’t get enough sleep.

lag

lag [læg] v. tụt lại

To lag behind is to move slowly behind other moving objects.

→ The girl on rollerblades lagged behind the little girl on the bicycle.

maximize

maximize [ˈmæksəmaiz] v. Tối đa hóa

To maximize something means to make it the biggest in size or amount.

→ Businesses try to maximize their profits.

nightmare

nightmare [ˈnaitmɛə:r] n. ác mộng

A nightmare is a bad or scary dream.

→ The girl was scared to go back to sleep because she had a nightmare.

<nay mẹ mơ thấy ác mộng>

nutritious

nutritious [njuˈtriʃəs] adj. bổ dưỡng

When something is nutritious, it helps the body stay healthy.

→ Mangoes are one of the most nutritious fruits in the world.

protein

protein [ˈproutiːn] n. protein

Protein is a substance that is necessary for the body to grow and be strong.

→ Fish and beef are good sources of protein.

signature

signature [ˈsɪgnətʃə:r] n. chữ ký

A signature is your name that you have written in your own way.

→ I put my signature at the end of the letter.

stuff

stuff [stʌf] n. đồ vật

Stuff is a word used to refer to things without mentioning the things by name.

→ We gave a lot of stuff to the charity.

subconscious

subconscious [ˈsʌbˈkɒnʃəs] adj. tiềm thức

When something is subconscious, it is done without thinking about it.

→ Breathing is one of the subconscious things that the body does.

<sắp xếp những thứ về tiềm thức đi rồi sớt mạng sau>

van

van [væn] n. xe van

A van is a vehicle that is used for carrying things but is smaller than a truck.

→ The delivery company uses large vans to deliver packages.

warn

warn [wɔːrn] v. cảnh báo

To warn someone is to make them know of possible danger in the future.

→ The lifeguard warned people to stay away from the rough ocean.

workout

workout [ˈwəːrkaut] n. tập luyện, thể dục

A workout is an exercise routine that helps improve health.

→ She doesn’t do her workout on the weekends.

zoom

zoom [zuːm] v. phóng to

To zoom is to move quickly.

→ The cars zoomed along the road.

========================================14==============================

brick

brick [brik] n. gạch

A brick is a block of hard clay that is used for building things, such as walls.

→ There were several bricks scattered on the ground.

crumble

crumble [ˈkrʌmbl] v. vỡ vụn

To crumble means to break or fall apart into small pieces.

→ The old house’s walls crumbled into a pile of rock and wood.

<không giam bồ là nó sẽ làm vỡ vụn mọi thứ>

dough

dough [dou] n. bột nhào

Dough is a mixture of flour and water that becomes bread when baked.

→ I made heart-shaped cookies from the dough.

<bột nhào ở đâu rồi>

express

express [iksˈpres] v. bày tỏ

To express a feeling or idea means to show others how one thinks or feels.

→ The nurse expressed her sympathy for the sick patient.

fist

fist [fist] n. nắm tay

A fist is a hand with fingers bent in toward the palm.

→ The bully made a fist and threatened to hit the small boy.

<phi sẩy tay khi đang nắm chặt>

flexible

flexible [ˈfleksəbəl] adj. linh hoạt, mềm dẻo

If something is flexible, then it can bend easily without breaking.

→ The tree branch was so flexible it could be bent into a circle and not break.

flush

flush [flʌʃ] v. đỏ bừng

To flush means the face becomes red due to heat, illness, or emotion.

→ After the long race, the runner’s face was flushed.

<phải la sao cho mặt đỏ bừng lên>

injure

injure [ˈindʒər] v. làm bị thương

To injure someone means to damage a part of their body.

→ The car crash injured two people.

lump

lump [lʌmp] n. cục

A lump is a small piece of something that is solid.

→ The artist took a lump of clay and turned it into a beautiful pot.

<lắm cục phải bỏ đi>

mixture

mixture [ˈmikstʃə:r] n. hỗn hợp

A mixture is something that is made by mixing other things together.

→ The walls were built using a mixture of water, rock, and dirt.

reconcile

reconcile [ˈrekənsail] v. giảng hoà

To reconcile means to return to a friendly relationship.

→ After arguing, the two friends were reconciled with each other.

ruin

ruin [ˈruːin] v. làm hỏng, tàn phá

To ruin something means to harm or damage it greatly.

→ Our walk in the park was ruined by the sudden rain.

shatter

shatter [ˈʃætə:r] v. vỡ

To shatter something means to break it suddenly into many tiny pieces.

→ When the ball hit the window, the glass shattered.

<xa tớ là vỡ ngay>

shutter

shutter [ˈʃʌtə:r] n. cửa chớp

Shutters are wooden or metal covers in front of a window.

→ Mr. Smith closed the shutters every night to make his bedroom dark.

<sò tớ mua treo ở chỗ cửa chớp>

sift

sift [sift] v. sàng lọc

To sift something means to remove all the large pieces.

→ The baker sifted the flour into a large bowl.

<sàng lọc si măng phải thế chứ>

slight

slight [slait] adj. Nhẹ

If something is slight, then it is small or minor.

→ There was only a slight change in the little boy’s height.

sparkle

sparkle [ˈspɑːrkəl] v. lấp lánh

To sparkle means to shine brightly with quick flashes of light.

→ The stars sparkled in the winter night’s sky.

<sao ba cậu lấp lánh quá>

sprinkle

sprinkle [ˈspriŋkəl] v. tưới, rắc

To sprinkle means to scatter something all over something else.

→ He sprinkled the pasta with salt and black pepper.

<sao phải rình cố bọn đang rắc thính>

stale

stale [steil] adj. cũ kỹ, ôi thiu

If food is stale, then it is not fresh but dry, hard, and not good to eat.

→ The cookies sat on the table so long that they became stale.

<sợ bọn Tây làm chũng cũ kỹ, ôi thiu đi>

utter

utter [ˈʌtər] v. thốt ra

To utter a word or a sound means to say it.

→ The lost boy was so scared that he could barely utter a single word.

<ông tớ thốt ra lời gâ ngặc nhiên>

===================================================15==================

although

although [ɔːlˈðou] conj. mặc dù

You use although to say that one thing is contrasted by another.

→ Although she was late, her friends gave her a warm welcome.

apply

apply [əˈplai] v. áp dụng

To apply something means to put it on.

→ She always applies makeup to her face before going outside.

await

await [əˈweit] v. chờ đợi

To await something means to wait for it.

→ The players awaited the judge’s decision.

beloved

beloved [biˈlʌvid] adj. yêu dấu

When something is beloved, it is very special and you like it very much.

→ The boy took a nap next to his beloved cat.

<bi là vịt con yêu dấu>

bury

bury [ˈberɪ] v. chôn

To bury someone or something means to put them in the ground.

→ They buried their grandfather under his favorite tree after he died.

<chôn bé gà ri>

climate

climate [ˈklaimit] n. khí hậu

A climate is the usual weather in a place.

→ The climate in the desert is very hot.

complain

complain [kəmˈplein] v. phàn nàn

When you complain, you say that you are unhappy about something.

→ The workers complained that they were being treated unfairly.

confuse

confuse [kənˈfjuːz] v. xáo trộn, bối rối

To confuse someone means to make them feel like they are unsure.

→ The sign confused the traveler because it pointed in two directions.

due

due [djuː] adj. đến hạn, thích đáng

When something is due, it is expected to happen or be done at that time.

→ The papers were due on the 19th.

<đíu trả khi đến hạn>

entire

entire [ənˈtaiər] adj. toàn bộ

When you talk about an entire thing, you are talking about the whole thing.

→ He was so hungry that he ate the entire pizza by himself.

<từng phần trong toàn bộ cần tái hiện lên>

establish

establish [isˈtæbliʃ] v. thành lập, thiết lập

To establish something means to create it.

→ He wanted to establish a club for people to help the Earth.

furnace

furnace [ˈfəːrnis] n. lò

A furnace is a place where heat is made.

→ Mr. Jones came to fix the furnace.

<lấy phở trong lò cho con nít ăn>

leash

leash [liːʃ] n. dây xích

A leash is a rope or chain that is used to lead an animal.

→ A lot of dogs must wear a leash to keep them from running away.

<li giờ cần lấy giây xích>

mature

mature [məˈtjuə:r] v. trưởng thành

To mature means to grow up to become an adult.

→ When they matured, they became as tall as their parents.

measure

measure [ˈmeʒə:r] v. đo lường

To measure something means to find out the quality, value, or effect of it.

→ The scientists carefully measured the amount of chemicals in the tubes.

midst

midst [midst] n. Giữa

The midst of something is the middle of it.

→ She was in the midst of cleaning when the telephone rang.

<mít ở giữa cây sào thế>

misery

misery [ˈmizəri] n. sự Đau khổ

Misery is extreme suffering.

→ There was a lot of misery after Sam lost his dog.

prior

prior [ˈpraiər] adj. trước

When something happened prior to something else, it happened earlier.

→ Ron had to wait since he arrived prior to the scheduled meeting time.

research

research [riˈsəːrtʃ] n. sự nghiên cứu

Research is close and careful study to discover new things.

→ Scientists did a lot of research on the subject of blood type.

variety

variety [vəˈraiəti] n. đa dạng

A variety of something is a group of many different kinds of it.

→ There are a variety of flowers at the shop.

====================================16========================

altogether

altogether [ˌɔːltəˈgeðər] adv. hoàn toàn

If something happens altogether, it happens completely.

→ The company stopped using sugar altogether in its food.

<ô tớ lại ghẹ cho giờ đấy sai hoàn toàn rồi>

bind

bind [baind] v. ràng buộc

To bind is to bring people together.

→ The victims of the flood were bound by their need to help each other.

bruise

bruise [bruːz] n. vết thâm tím

A bruise is a dark mark caused by being hit by something.

→ She got a bruise on her knee from falling down.

custom

custom [ˈkʌstəm] n. phong tục, tùy chỉnh

A custom is a way of doing things that has been the same for a long time.

→ It is a custom that the bride and groom have the first dance.

disobedient

disobedient [ˌdisəˈbiːdiənt] adj. không vâng lời

When someone is disobedient, they do not follow the rules or instructions.

→ The disobedient children didn’t listen to their mother and had an accident.

foresee

foresee [fɔːrsiː] v. thấy trước, biết trước

To foresee something is to know about it before it happens.

→ The teacher didn’t foresee any problems with her large class.

glimpse

glimpse [glimps] v. nhìn thoáng qua

To glimpse something is to see it for a short time.

→ She glimpsed outside the window as the plane was about to land.

hoop

hoop [huːp] n. vòng

A hoop is a ring that is made of plastic, metal, or wood.

→ The boys tried to toss the ball through the basketball hoop.

<hũ này phải có vòng để buộc>

misfortune

misfortune [misˈfɔːrtʃən] n. họa, bất hạnh

Misfortune is bad luck or an unlucky event.

→ His family helped him when he encountered misfortune.

negative

negative [ˈnegətiv] adj. tiêu cực, phủ định, âm tính

When something is negative, it is unpleasant or sad.

→ She doesn’t like to say negative things about her friends.

per

per [pər] prep. mỗi

Per is used to mean “each” when giving a price, size, or amount.

→ It costs $8 per person to watch the baseball game.

plead

plead [pliːd] v. van nài, cầu xin

To plead is to ask for something you want very badly.

→ He pleaded for his parents to let him go to the soccer game.

rip

rip [rip] v. xé

To rip something means to pull it apart.

→ She ripped the paper in half by accident.

<dịp này cần xé bỏ hết>

sake

sake [seik] n. lợi ích

The sake of something is the reason for doing it.

→ The parents worked hard for their children’s sake.

<xây cái này không có lợi ích>

scrape

scrape [skreip] v. cạo

To scrape something is to rub it very hard with something sharp.

→ I accidentally scraped the paint off the side of the car.

<sợ rẫy phải cằm khi cạo>

source

source [sɔːrs] n. nguồn

A source of something is the place that it comes from.

→ The river was the source of drinking water for the village.

stern

stern [stəːrn] adj. nghiêm khắc

When somebody is stern, they are very serious.

→ The stern teacher didn’t allow the students to speak during class.

<sợ tớ nghiêm khắc quá nó sợ>

stitch

stitch [stitʃ] v. khâu

To stitch is to use a needle and thread to join pieces of cloth together.

→ My grandmother stitched the pieces together to make a big blanket.

<sở thích là khâu>

thump

thump [θʌmp] n. tiếng đập

A thump is the sound of a heavy object falling.

→ They heard the thump when the bowling ball hit the floor.

<thám tử phải nghe tiếp đập>

vehement

vehement [ˈviːəmənt] adj. kịch liệt

When somebody is vehement, they are angry and emotional.

→ Gina was vehement when she found out that Liz was bad in school.

<vì phải chờ nên mình phản đối kịch liệt>

======================================17================

civilization

civilization [sivəliˈzeiʃən] n. Nền văn minh

A civilization is an organized group of humans that have culture and government.

→ Most early civilizations in Central America didn’t use metal weapons.

convenient

convenient [kənˈviːnjənt] adj. thuận tiện

When something is convenient, it is easy to do and does not take a lot of work.

→ The bus is a convenient way to get to school.

den

den [den] n. hang

A den is a living space for some types of animals, such as lions.

→ The mother lion left her babies in the den.

<cái hang tối đen>

dew

dew [djuː] n. hạt nước sương

Dew is the drops of water that form on the ground outside during the night.

→ When we woke up, we saw that the grass was covered in dew.

<diu có hạt nước sương nào>

drastic

drastic [ˈdræstik] adj. Mạnh mẽ, quyết liệt

When something is drastic, it is extreme or major.

→ She made a drastic decision to get her long hair cut short.

<đi ra có tí không cần mạnh mẽ thế>

exit

exit [ˈegzit] v. thoát

To exit means to leave.

→ The students exited through the front door.

flock

flock [flɒk] n. bầy, đàn

A flock is a group of animals, such as birds, sheep or goats.

→ There was one black sheep in the entire flock.

<phải ló ra xem có còn bầy đàn đó nữa không>

fold

fold [fould] v. gấp

To fold is to bend something like paper or cloth so that it takes up less space.

→ I folded the paper and put it in my pocket.

<gấp sách phẫu thuật đi>

lid

lid [lid] n. nắp

A lid is a top for a box or container that can be removed.

→ He lifted the lid of the box and revealed her present.

<li này deo có nắp>

loom

loom [lu:m] v. bao trùm

To loom is to seem very large and often scary.

→ The ominous clouds loomed over the school.

<lũ mày bao trùm hết à>

mighty

mighty [ˈmaiti] adj. hùng mạnh

When something is mighty, it is strong and large.

→ The mighty wrestler scared all who faced him.

<mai hùng mạng thêm tí nữa>

mushroom

mushroom [ˈmʌʃru(:)m] n. nấm

A mushroom is a fungus with a round top. Some are used as food.

→ The soup had fresh mushrooms in it.

native

native [ˈneitiv] adj. bản địa

When something is native, it is originating in a certain place or area.

→ Avocadoes are native fruits of Mexico.

poison

poison [ˈpɔɪzən] n. chất độc

Poison is a dangerous substance that causes illness or death.

→ They used poison to get rid of the rats in their home.

reed

reed [ri:d] n. cây lau

Reeds are tall and skinny plants that grow in groups near water.

→ The sun set behind the reeds of the lake’s shore.

<ri đã lấy cây lau>

shield

shield [ʃiːld] v. che chắn

To shield something is to protect it.

→ She shielded her eyes from the sun with sunglasses.

<cây si làng đã che chắn cho mọi người>

stormy

stormy [ˈstɔːrmi] adj. bão táp, mưa bão

Stormy describes something affected or characterized by storms.

→ The golfers decided to go home because of the stormy weather.

sway

sway [swei] v. lắc lư

To sway is to move slowly from side to side.

→ She swayed while she listened to the music.

<sao quay lại mà vẫn lắc lư thế kia>

urban

urban [ˈəːrbən] adj. Đô thị

When something is urban, it is related to the city.

→ Subways are an important form of urban transportation.

wade

wade [weid] v. lội

To wade is to walk in or pass through water.

→ The child waded in the water at the beach.

<quẩy đã đi lội>

=====================18======================

accent

accent [ˈæksənt] n. giọng

An accent is a certain way of speaking that shows where a person is from.

→ The new teacher’s accent was clearly a German one.

barber

barber [ˈbɑːrbər] n. thợ cắt tóc

A barber is a person whose job is to cut hair.

→ My hair is getting much too long. I’d better go to the barber’s shop.

basement

basement [ˈbeismənt] n. tầng hầm

A basement of a house or building is a room that is built underground.

→ They turned their basement into a game room.

blank

blank [blæŋk] adj. trống

When something is blank, it does not have anything on it.

→ She got a blank paper to draw on.

blink

blink [blɪŋk] v. chớp mắt

To blink means to shut the eyes and quickly open them again.

→ I blinked many times so that my eyes could adjust to the bright light.

<bảo linh không được chớp mắt>

choir

choir [ˈkwaɪər] n. dàn hợp xướng

A choir is a group of people who sing together.

→ He had choir practice every day after school.

<trong dàn hợp sướng có yêu quái ờ>

comic

comic [ˈkɒmik] adj. hài hước

When something is comic, it is funny.

→ The comic actor was famous for his jokes.

<có con míc hài hước đấy không>

complicate

complicate [ˈkɒmplikeit] v. phức tạp

To complicate something means to make it harder than necessary.

→ The bad weather complicated finishing the job quickly.

decline

decline [diˈklain] v. từ chối

To decline an offer or invitation means to say no to it.

→ She declined his offer to pay for her dinner.

<đi không lai được nên nó từ chối>

errand

errand [ˈerənd] n. việc vặt

An errand is a trip taken to do a specific activity.

→ He couldn’t go to practice because he had several errands to do.

<em dần làm xong việc vặt>

glove

glove [glʌv] n. bao tay

A glove is a piece of clothing that covers your fingers and hand.

→ When it gets cold, I always put on a pair of gloves.

hermit

hermit [ˈhəːrmit] n. ẩn sĩ

A hermit is one who lives alone and does not spend time with others.

→ The hermit lived a simple life in a small cave in the forest.

<ẩn sỹ đang hơ những quả mít>

justly

justly [ˈdʒʌstli] adv. một cách công bằng

If something is done justly, then it is fair.

→ We justly decided to give the prize to him.

leather

leather [ˈleðə:r] n. da

Leather is a material made from animal skin that is used to make clothing.

→ He got a new leather jacket for his birthday.

ponder

ponder [ˈpɒndər] v. suy nghĩ, suy ngẫm

To ponder something is to think about it carefully.

<bọn này đờ ra để suy ngẫm>

→ She sat in the park and pondered her problem.

reserve

reserve [riˈzəːrv] v. dự trữ

To reserve something means to keep it for a certain person or time.

→ He reserved a table at the busy restaurant.

script

script [skript] n. kịch bản

A script is the words of a film or play.

→ He read the script of the play three times.

search

search [səːrtʃ] v. tìm kiếm

To search for something or someone means to look for them carefully.

→ I searched the newspaper for a new job.

slam

slam [slæm] v. đóng sầm

To slam is to close something hard.

→ She slammed the book shut after she finished reading it.

<sợ làm nó đóng sầm lại>

staircase

staircase [ˈstɛərkeɪs] n. cầu thang

A staircase is a set of stairs found inside a building.

→ The staircase leads directly into the kitchen.

<té dính cây khi đi cầu thang>

==================================19================

afflicted

afflicted [əˈfliktid] adj. đau khổ, đau đớn

Afflicted means to suffer physically or mentally.

→ He was afflicted by pain in his right arm.

<anh phải lịch sự tí đừng tỏ ra đau khổ>

aisle

aisle [ail] n. lối đi

An aisle is a space between two things that people use to walk.

→ They were told to clear the aisle because the plane was about to land.

<ai làm lối đi này thế>

atmosphere

atmosphere [ˈætməsfiər] n. khí quyển

The atmosphere is the air around the Earth where weather conditions form.

→ Scientists worry that harmful substances are hurting the atmosphere.

author

author [ˈɔːθər] n. tác giả

An author is a person who wrote a certain piece of writing.

→ The author was hard at work on his next novel.

breakdown

breakdown [ˈbreɪkdaun] n. sự cố, hỏng hóc

A breakdown is a failure to work correctly.

→ Her car had a breakdown, and she wasn’t sure how to fix it.

cargo

cargo [ˈkɑːrgəu] n. chuyến hang, hang hóa

Cargo is the items carried by a ship or airplane.

→ The cargo of the ship got wet when it started raining.

chapter

chapter [ˈtʃæptər] n. chương

A chapter is a part of a book that usually has a number or a title.

→ The first chapter of a book usually introduces the main character of a story.

connect

connect [kəˈnekt] v. kết nối

To connect two things means to join them together.

→ I connected the mouse to my laptop computer.

etc.

etc. [etsetərə] n. v.v

Etc. is short for “etcetera.” It is used to refer to other unspecified objects.

→ She was going to bring treats to the party: cookies, muffins, cake, etc.

flip

flip [flip] v. Lật, gạt

To flip means to press a switch quickly to turn it on or off.

→ To turn on the lights, just flip this switch.

idle

idle [ˈaidl] adj. nhàn dỗi

If you are idle, you are not doing anything.

→ She read a book to keep from being idle.

<ai nhàn dỗi thì đồ xôi đi nhé>

notify

notify [ˈnoutəfai] v. thông báo

To notify someone of something is to tell them about it.

→ The teacher notified us about a change to our assignment.

pea

pea [pi:] n. hạt đậu

Peas are a vegetable that is small, round and green.

→ His favorite food was peas.

<viết số pi thì được hạt đậu này>

raisin

raisin [ˈreizən] n. nho khô

A raisin is a dried grape.

→ Raisins are one of my favorite snacks.

<rẫy bỏ rừng nho khô này đi>

retain

retain [riˈtein] v. giữ lại

To retain something is to keep it.

→ Even by the afternoon, the day had retained the morning’s freshness.

<rì thấy nó vẫn tốt nên giữ lại>

state

state [steit] v. tiểu bang

To state something means to say it in a definite way.

→ The president stated his opinion about the world’s health concerns.

tray

tray [trei] n. khay

A tray is a flat plate used to hold food.

→ The waiter brought our food on a tray.

<trẩy hội mà mang khay thức ăn đi>

unfortunate

unfortunate [ʌnˈfɔːrtʃənɪt] adj. không may

If something is unfortunate, it is bad or unlucky.

→ It was unfortunate that Dave’s team lost, but he still had fun.

vivid

vivid [vivid] adj. sinh động

When something is vivid, it is bright and colorful.

→ The figures in the painting were vivid.

<vì con vịt này nhìn khá xinh động>

vomit

vomit [ˈvɒmit] v. nôn mửa

To vomit means to have food come up from one’s stomach.

→ It is common for women to vomit when they are pregnant.

<nó nôn mửa khi va vào mít>

====================================20=========================

betray

betray [biˈtrei] v. phản bội

To betray someone means to treat them in a dishonest way.

→ The man betrayed his country when he gave away national secrets.

blast

blast [blæst] n. Vụ nổ

A blast is a loud noise made by something that explodes.

→ There was a loud blast when the police officer fired the gun.

<hắn bị la sau vụ nổ>

bracelet

bracelet [ˈbreislit] n. vòng tay

A bracelet is a piece of jewelry that you wear around your wrist.

→ My father gave me a pretty gold bracelet for my birthday.

<bảo thăng đeo vòng tay dậy đi xin lít nước>

cease

cease [siːs] v. ngừng

To cease means to stop.

→ After about an hour, the rain ceased, and a rainbow appeared.

<ngu si sao không ngừng nổi>

choke

choke [tʃouk] v. nghẹt thở

To choke means to cough because you have difficulty breathing.

→ There was a lot of smoke in the air, and it made me choke.

<con trâu kia đang nghẹt thở>

civil

civil [ˈsivəl] adj. dân sự, nội

When an event is civil, it happens inside a country.

→ The country was torn apart by a terrible civil war.

comment

comment [ˈkɒment] v. bình luận

To comment means to say something that shows your personal opinion.

→ Tom commented on the poor quality of the food.

cross

cross [krɔ:s] v. bang qua

To cross means to go from one side to the other side.

→ We used his boat to cross to the other side of the lake.

dent

dent [dent] n. vết lõm

A dent is damage caused by something heavy hitting something else.

→ That blue car hit my car, and now there is a small dent in my car door.

<vết lõm này đen thế>

distrust

distrust [disˈtrʌst] v. không tin tưởng

To distrust someone means to believe that they are not honest.

→ Don’t lend money to someone if you distrust them!

fort

fort [fɔːrt] n. pháo đài

A fort is a small building that is specially built to defend an area from attack.

→ When the army arrived, they built a big fort on the top of the hill.

<để pho tượng này trên pháo đài>

found

found [faund] v. sáng lập, thành lập

To found means to bring something into existence.

→ The pastor founded his church in the countryside.

lining

lining [ˈlainiŋ] n. lót

Lining is a piece of cloth that covers the inside of clothes.

→ This jacket is very warm because it has a thick lining.

<lai ninh mua đồ lót>

mass

mass [mæs] n. lượng lớn

A mass is a large number of things of one type.

→ We received a mass of letters this morning.

<sap sao lại có lượng lớn như vậy>

pray

pray [prei] v. cầu nguyện

To pray means to talk to God.

→ When people go to church, they pray for their families and friends.

<phải dậy để cầu nguyện>

rife

rife [raif] adj. đầy rẫy

If a place is rife with something bad, it is very common in that place.

→ This part of the country is rife with disease.

<rải phải thật đầu rẫy vào>

sole

sole [soul] adj. duy nhất

When something is the sole thing, it is the only thing of a particular type.

→ His sole purpose in life was to help others.

sweep

sweep [swiːp] v. quét

If you sweep the floor, you clean it with a tool like a broom or a brush.

→ There is a lot of dirt on the floor. Can you sweep it please?

treachery

treachery [ˈtretʃəri] n. phản bội

Treachery is a behavior in which a person betrays a country or a person.

→ The man ran away to escape from the treachery of his wife.

<đi che chở cho rì khi bị phản bội>

tuck

tuck [tʌk] v. gài, nhét

To tuck something means to put it somewhere so that it is neat or safe.

→ He looked sloppy without his shirt being tucked into his pants.

<ta không gài, nhét nổi vào>

============================================21======================

background

background [ˈbækgraund] n. nền tảng

A background is a person’s education, family, and experience.

→ The new teacher had a background in science and math.

bait

bait [beit] n. mồi

Bait is something used to trick a person or thing to do something.

→ The best bait for catching fish is a big, fat worm.

<bẫy thì cần phải có mồi>

chronicle

chronicle [ˈkrɒnikl] v. ghi chép

To chronicle something means to record an event or speech.

→ The daily newspaper chronicles local and world events.

<cần ra nài nỉ cô ghi chép lại>

copper

copper [ˈkɒpər] n. đồng

Copper is a red-brown metal often used in electric wire and pipes.

→ Ancient hunters melted copper to make knives and spears.

<có bờ bằng đồng>

disease

disease [diˈziːz] n. căn bệnh

A disease is an illness that causes specific problems.

→ He had a disease that caused him to lose his hearing.

<đề gì về những căn bệnh>

folklore

folklore [ˈfouklɔːr] n. văn hóa dân gian

Folklore is the collection of beliefs and stories of a culture.

→ India’s folklore has stories written in long poems about great warriors.

<phẫu thuật xong mà vẫn cần phải lo về văn hóa dân gian>

infect

infect [inˈfekt] v. lây nhiễm

To infect someone means to give them an illness.

→ The common cold infects hundreds of millions of people each year.

itch

itch [itʃ] v. ngứa

To itch means to rub the skin with your fingernails.

→ The rough fabric in his shirt made the back of his neck itch.

<có ít thuốc ngứa nào không cho xin ít>

literature

literature [ˈlitərətʃər] n. văn học

Literature is books, plays, and poetry.

→ Early American literature covers the poetry and stories from 1500 to 1800.

millennium

millennium [miˈleniəm] n. thiên niên kỷ

A millennium is one thousand years.

→ Stonehenge is believed to have been built about 5 millenniums ago.

<ăn mì lén nằm dưới bàn trốn học về thiên niên kỷ >

myth

myth [miθ] n. thần thoại

A myth is a traditional story that explains a culture’s history and beliefs.

→ In Greece, there was a myth about a woman who had snakes for hair.

<mì này xuất hiện trong than thoại>

relate

relate [riˈleit] v. Liên quan

To relate to something means to have a connection with it.

→ A company’s plan usually relates to how much profit it can make.

religion

religion [riˈlidʒən] n. tôn giáo

A religion is a belief in a god or gods.

→ Their religion taught that people should forgive their enemies.

sum

sum [sʌm] n. tổng

A sum is a specific amount of money.

→ He calculated the numbers to see what the sum of his bills would be.

teller

teller [ˈtelə:r] n. **giao dịch viên**

A teller is a person who works with a bank’s customers.

→ The teller at the bank helped Kelly put money into a savings account.

<theo lời của một giao dịch viên>

trustworthy

trustworthy [ˈtrʌstˌwəːrði] adj. đáng tin cậy

If someone is trustworthy, they are honest and truthful.

→ Mary is one of the most trustworthy people I’ve ever met.

update

update [ʌpˈdeit] v. cập nhật

To update something means to make it more modern.

→ We need to update the programs on our computers.

vein

vein [vein] n. tĩnh mạch

A vein is a tube in the body that carries blood toward the heart.

→ The blue veins in my hand are just under my skin.

<vậy nó có phải là tĩnh mạch không>

venom

venom [ˈvenəm] n. nọc độc

Venom is a poisonous substance that comes from animals or plants.

→ A snake’s venom can be used to cure the illnesses it creates.

<con ve nằm in vì dính nọc độc>

promote

promote [prəˈmout] v. đẩy mạnh, quảng bá

To promote someone means to raise them to a higher position or rank.

→ After two years in the company, she was promoted to a manager.

============================================22======================

charity

charity [ˈtʃӕrəti] n. từ thiện

Charity is an act of giving help, usually money, to those who need it.

→ Thanks to his friends’ charity, he had enough money to pay the rent.

commerce

commerce [ˈkɒmərs] n. thương mại

Commerce is the activity of buying and selling things.

→ The new shopping mall increased the commerce in that section of town.

condemn

condemn [kənˈdem] v. kết án

To condemn someone means to give them a specific punishment.

→ The judge condemned the criminal to five years in prison.

cozy

cozy [ˈkouzi] adj. ấm cúng

If something is cozy, then it is comfortable, warm, and relaxing.

→ The thick blanket made the bed very cozy.

deplete

deplete [diˈpliːt] v. cạn kiệt

To deplete an amount of something means to use up all of it.

→ All the driving he was doing was depleting his car’s fuel supply.

economy

economy [iˈkɒnəmi] n. nền kinh tế

An economy is the money and businesses of a country or region.

→ The factory was good for the economy because it brought jobs to the area.

empire

empire [ˈempaɪər] n. đế quốc, đế chế

An empire is a large group of countries ruled by an emperor or empress.

→ The emperor built roads to make travel easier throughout the empire.

<em bái bai game đế chế rồi à>

goods

goods [gudz] n. hàng hoá

Goods are anything that can be bought or sold.

→ Shoes, hats, dresses and purses were the goods she wanted to buy.

<hang hóa này good zậy>

heed

heed [hiːd] v. chú ý

To heed something means to obey or follow it.

→ You should heed the advice on the sign and not drive so fast.

<hi vọng đừng ai chú ý>

hitchhike

hitchhike [ˈhitʃhaik] v. quá giang, đi nhờ

To hitchhike means to travel by asking for rides from passing vehicles.

→ She didn’t have a car, so she hitchhiked several miles to her brother’s home.

<đi nhờ mà toàn hít mùa trai không à>

mock

mock [mɒk] v. chế nhạo

To mock someone means to tease them in a cruel way.

→ The girls mocked Nancy because she was a new student.

<móc ra để chế nhạo>

neutral

neutral [ˈnjuːtrəl] adj. trung lập

If someone is neutral, then they do not help either of the two fighting sides.

→ The girl’s friend remained neutral while the couple was arguing.

<t trung lập giữa níu kéo và chờ đợi>

persecute

persecute [ˈpəːrsikjuːt] v. ngược đãi

To persecute means to treat someone badly.

→ Dan felt persecuted because he was smaller than the other boys at school.

<mua bơ sao kêu nó ngược đãi>

pity

pity [ˈpiti] n. thương hại

Pity is the feeling of sadness and kindness for those who are suffering.

→ Because she had pity for the lost boy, she helped him find his parents.

<bé tí nên thương hại lắm>

reduce

reduce [riˈdjuːs] v. giảm

To reduce something means to make it less in size or number.

→ When the store reduced its prices, people wanted to shop there.

scribe

scribe [skraib] n. người ghi chép

A scribe was a person whose job was to copy written works.

→ In Ancient Egypt, scribes recorded important events.

<sao không dai dẳng bằng người ghi chép kia>

temper

temper [ˈtempə:r] n. tâm trạng

A temper is someone’s mood or a chance that they might get angry.

→ She has a temper. Even the slightest mistakes make her angry.

<con tem này mang tâm trạng vô bờ>

throne

throne [θroun] n. ngai, ngôi

A throne is the special chair in which a ruler sits.

→ Nobody except the king and queen sat in the thrones in the great hall.

<thi thoảng râu nó ngồi trên ngai vàng kia>

unity

unity [ˈjuːnəti] n. sự thống nhất

Unity is the state of people working together for a certain purpose.

→ The project was finished early, thanks to the unity of the workers.

victor

victor [ˈviktər] n. người, nhóm người chiến thắng

A victor is a group or person that wins in a contest.

→ At the end of the game, the blue team was the victor.

<vịt của tớ là người, nhóm người chiến thắng >

============================================23======================

accurate

accurate [ˈækjərit] adj. chính xác

If something is accurate, it is completely correct.

→ The story in the newspaper wasn’t very accurate.

<anh kia rít mới chính xác nhé>

analyze

analyze [ˈænəlaiz] v. phân tích

To analyze something is to study it.

→ The scientist will analyze the blood sample.

asteroid

asteroid [ˈæstərɔɪd] n. tiểu hành tinh

An asteroid is a giant rock from outer space.

→ In 1908, a giant asteroid hit Siberia.

<anh tớ mua quả roi để học về tiểu hành tinh >

controversy

controversy [kɒnˈtrəvə:rsɪ] n. sự tranh cãi

A controversy is a dispute about something that affects many people.

→ There has been a lot of controversy over the judge’s decision.

evolve

evolve [iˈvɒlv] v. tiến hoá

To evolve is to change over time.

→ Many people think that humans evolved from animals.

factor

factor [ˈfæktər] n. yếu tố

A factor is something that has an effect on the way another thing happens.

→ Smoking is the main factor that causes lung cancer.

<phác thảo cho tớ yếu tố ảnh hưởng>

genetic

genetic [dʒiˈnetik] adj. di truyền

If something is genetic, it is related to the genes in one’s body.

→ The color of one’s eyes is genetic.

genome

genome [ˈdʒiːnoum] n. bộ gen

A genome is the collection of all the genes in a living thing.

→ Understanding the human genome may help cure many diseases.

<rì dung bộ gen trội của mình để nấu món ăn>

identical

identical [aiˈdentikəl] adj. giống nhau

To be identical is to be the same as someone or something else.

→ James and John are identical twins.

intellectual

intellectual [ˌɪntəˈlektjuəl] n. Trí tuệ

An intellectual is a very smart person.

→ We’ve always considered my Uncle Max the intellectual of the family.

majority

majority [məˈdʒɔ(:)rətɪ] n. đa số

A majority of something is almost all of the people or things in that group.

→ A majority of the people voted for Tom Smith in the election.

mammal

mammal [ˈmæməl] n. động vật có vú

A mammal is an animal that usually has hair and is not born from an egg.

→ Even though it lives in the water, whales are actually mammals.

multiply

multiply [ˈmʌltəplai] v. nhân

To multiply is to increase in number.

→ In the past year, the number of people at work multiplied by ten percent.

offspring

offspring [ˈɔ:fspriŋ] n. con cái

Offspring are the children of a person or the babies of an animal.

→ The dog’s offspring had the same color of fur as she did.

pesticide

pesticide [ˈpestəsaid] n. Thuốc trừ sâu

A pesticide is a substance used to kill insects.

→ The farmer sprayed his crops with a pesticide to keep bugs away.

regulate

regulate [ˈregjəleit] v. chỉnh đốn, điều chỉnh

To regulate something is to control how it happens.

→ The bank regulates how much money people can borrow from it.

reinforce

reinforce [riːinˈfoːrs] v. tăng cường, củng cố

To reinforce something is to make it stronger.

→ Peter reinforced his opinion with information from a book.

<ri in tài liệu đề lớp phó tang cường, củng cố cho>

stricken

stricken [ˈstrikən] adj. bị ảnh hưởng

If one is stricken by a disease or problem, they are badly affected by it.

→ Mike was stricken with a horrible illness.

<sao chích xong mà vẫn bị ảnh hưởng>

vast

vast [væst] adj. rộng, bao la

If something is vast, it is very large.

→ The wealthy man bought a vast amount of land in the countryside.

<và giờ nó xem thế giới nó bao la quá>

vegetarian

vegetarian [ˌvedʒəˈtɛəriən] n. người ăn chay

A vegetarian is someone who does not eat any meat products.

→ I became a vegetarian because I don’t like the taste of meat.

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cherish

cherish [ˈtʃeriʃ] v. yêu dấu, trân trọng

To cherish something means to hold it as very important.

→ I cherish this trophy I won.

<quả che ri cần chăm sóc thật chân trọng>

compassion

compassion [kəmˈpæʃən] n. lòng thương, từ bi

Compassion is a feeling of understanding for someone who is hurt or suffering.

→ The veterinarian had compassion for the sick little puppy.

consent

consent [kənˈsent] n. đồng ý

Consent is permission to do something.

→ Their mother gave the children consent to go outside and play.

<cần send để xem mọi người có đồng ý không>

core

core [kɔːr] n. lõi

The core is the center of something.

→ The rings of a tree start forming at its core.

cunning

cunning [ˈkʌniŋ] adj. xảo quyệt

If someone is cunning, they are good at tricking people.

→ The cunning child fooled his parents into thinking that he was kind.

<cắn thì phải ninh cho xảo quyệt>

dizzy

dizzy [ˈdizi] adj. chóng mặt

If someone is dizzy, then they feel off balance as if they will fall down.

→ The pregnant woman was dizzy after standing up too quickly.

<đi cùng dì chóng mặt quá>

equilibrium

equilibrium [iːkwəˈlibriəm] n. cân bằng

Equilibrium is the balance between different forces.

→ The sudden drop in prices upset the equilibrium of the economy.

foster

foster [ˈfɔ(:)stər] v. bồi dưỡng, nuôi dưỡng

To foster a feeling or a skill means to help it develop.

→ She helped foster a sense of calm in the little boy.

<lớp phó tớ đang đi bồi dưỡng>

grind

grind [graind] v. xay

To grind something means to break it into very small pieces or powder.

→ She wanted to grind the beans, so she could brew some coffee.

<giờ rải nó ra cho khô rồi đi xay>

growl

growl [graul] v. gầm gừ

To growl means to make a deep, angry sound.

→ The dog started to growl at the man walking by.

<giờ con râu mới phải làm mà nó gầm gừ quá>

moderation

moderation [ˌmɒdəˈreɪʃən] n. chừng mực, sự điều độ

Moderation is a state of being just enough but not too much.

→ It is important to eat in moderation so that you can have a healthy body.

predator

predator [ˈpredətər] n. kẻ săn mồi

A predator is an animal that kills and eats other animals.

→ The peregrine falcon is a predator that eats fish.

sane

sane [sein] adj. tỉnh táo

If someone is sane, they can think in a normal way.

→ Oliver does not act like a sane person when he is angry.

<xây nó trong tỉnh táo đó nhé>

saucer

saucer [ˈsɔːsər] n. đĩa

A saucer is a small round dish that you set a cup on.

→ He placed the spoon on the saucer.

<tìm thấy cái đĩa này trong xó xỉn nào đấy>

snatch

snatch [snætʃ] v. chộp, giật

To snatch something means to take it away with a quick motion.

→ He was so hungry that he snatched an apple from a tree.

<sợ na chin là chúng nó giật mất>

stagger

stagger [ˈstægər] v. chao đảo, tách rời, loạng choạng

To stagger means to move in an unsteady way and almost fall over.

→ He staggered around after having too much to drink.

<sao ta đi qua chỗ gờ mà loạng choạng quá>

stumble

stumble [ˈstʌmbəl] v. vấp ngã

To stumble means to put your foot down wrong so that you almost fall.

→ He stumbled as he ran through the puddle.

<sợ tắm gần bờ hay vấp ngã>

tense

tense [tens] adj. căng thẳng

If someone is tense, they are worried something bad might happen.

→ After the phone call, Monica was very tense.

tumble

tumble [ˈtʌmbəl] v. nhào lộn

To tumble means to fall, often in a rolling way.

→ He lost his balance while snowboarding and tumbled to the ground.

<tạm bỏ làm trò nhào lội>

withhold

withhold [wiθˈhould] v. giữ lại

To withhold something is to not give it to someone.

→ They withheld all information until she paid her fine.

<quí diều hâu nên giữ lại>

============================================25======================

aircraft

aircraft [ˈɛəkræft] n. máy bay

An aircraft is a vehicle that flies in the sky, such as an airplane or helicopter.

→ At the museum in the airport, you can see a lot of old aircraft.

<em cần ra xem có cần phải thay lại máy bay không>

celebrity

celebrity [ˈsəlebrəti] n. người nổi tiếng, danh nhân

A celebrity is someone who is famous.

→ It was the highlight of the evening when the celebrities arrived.

concrete

concrete [ˈkɒnkriːt] n. bê tông

Concrete is a substance made from stones.

→ The man covered the ground with concrete.

<cần rít chặt lại cái thành bê tông>

decisive

decisive [diˈsaisiv] adj. dứt khoát, quyết đoán

If someone is decisive, they make decisions quickly.

→ Our boss is very decisive, so it did not take long to organize the project.

esteemed

esteemed [isti:md] adj. quý trọng

If someone is esteemed, many people like or respect them.

→ An esteemed scientist is coming to the university to talk about her discoveries.

<nhà nó ít nên có tí tuổi mà đã phải biết quý trọng>

ethical

ethical [ˈeθikəl] adj. Đạo đức

If something is ethical, it is the right thing to do.

→ Many people believe that it is ethical to help others in need.

<em thi cố môn đạo đức>

extinct

extinct [iksˈtiŋkt] adj. Tuyệt chủng

If plants or animals are extinct, there are none left.

→ There used to be dinosaurs all over the world, but now they are extinct.

hardy

hardy [ˈhɑːrdi] adj. cứng cáp

If a person or plant is hardy, it is strong and can live though difficult conditions.

→ The farmer is a hardy man and doesn’t mind working outside.

institute

institute [ˈinstətjuːt] n. học viện

An institute is an organization that is interested in research or teaching.

→ I am going to a lecture about ancient Rome at the Historical Institute.

jealousy

jealousy [ˈdʒeləsi] n. sự gen tỵ

Jealousy is a feeling of wanting something that somebody else has.

→ She felt a lot of jealousy when she saw Luke with two girls.

migrate

migrate [maiˈgreit] v. di cư

To migrate means to move from one place to another.

→ Many birds migrate to warmer countries in the winter.

nurture

nurture [ˈnəːtʃər] v. nuôi nấng

To nurture something means to care for it as it grows or develops.

→ Robert nurtured his plants, and that is why they grow so well.

overhead

overhead [ouvərˈhed] adv. trên cao

If something is overhead, it is located above you.

→ As we sat on top of the hill, a plane flew overhead.

principle

principle [ˈprinsəpəl] n. nguyên tắc

A principle is a belief about the correct way to behave.

→ To maintain principles, it’s vital to watch, listen, and speak carefully.

rural

rural [ˈruərəl] adj. nông thôn

If a place is rural, it is in the countryside instead of the city.

→ I want to live in a small house in a rural area.

secluded

secluded [siˈkluːdid] adj. riêng biệt, hẻo lánh

If a place is secluded, it is far away from any other place.

→ There was a secluded bench in the park.

<Si không lu đứt cho nó riêng biệt ra>

species

species [ˈspiːʃi(ː)z] n. loài

A species is a type of plant or animal.

→ There are 21 different species of butterfly in this forest.

swamp

swamp [swɒmp] n. đầm lầy

A swamp is a very wet area of land.

→ There are lots of wild animals living in the swamp.

<sợ quăm phải đầm lầy>

traverse

traverse [ˈtrævə:rs] v. đi qua

To traverse means to move or travel through an area.

→ The explorer traversed the desert alone on a camel.

<tra hỏi vợ xem nó đi qua chỗ đó không>

zoology

zoology [zouˈɒlədʒɪ] n. động vật học

Zoology is a subject in which people study animals.

→ Helen wants to study zoology because she has always liked animals.

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assumption

assumption [əˈsʌmpʃən] n. giả thiết, giả định

An assumption is something that you believe is true but cannot prove.

→ I went to the cafeteria on the assumption that everyone would be there.

barley

barley [ˈbɑːrli] n. lúa mạch

Barley is a grain that is used for animal feed, health food and beer.

→ The farmer grew barley to feed his cows in the winter.

<ba li dị vì lúa mạch>

beast

beast [biːst] n. con quái vật

A beast is a large, dangerous animal.

→ A lion is one of the fiercest beasts on Earth.

<con quái vật bị sao thế>

colonel

colonel [ˈkəːrnəl] n. đại tá

A colonel is a military officer.

→ James has been given a promotion in the army. He is now a colonel.

<cớ sao nó lại thành đại tá nhanh quá>

contagious

contagious [kənˈteɪdʒəs] adj. Lây nhiễm, lây lan

If a disease is contagious, it is easily carried from one person to another.

→ You must wear protective clothing because the patient’s illness is contagious.

<cần tây giờ đã lây lan quá nhanh>

corpse

corpse [kɔːrps] n. xác chết

A corpse is a dead body of a human.

→ After the accident, the corpse was taken to the hospital.

<có xác chết thì phải làm sao đây>

crisis

crisis [ˈkraisis] n. khủng hoảng

A crisis is a situation that is extremely stressful or dangerous.

→ The airport workers’ strike led to a crisis at the airport.

<cần rải sít làm nó khủng hoảng>

cure

cure [kjuər] v. chữa khỏi

To cure means to cause an illness or injury to end or disappear.

→ My dentist cured me of my toothache.

<kêu chữa khỏi cơ ờ>

deformed

deformed [diˈfɔːrmd] adj. biến dạng

If something is deformed, it is not shaped normally and may appear ugly.

→ Even though the carrot was deformed, it was still safe to eat.

<đi phò tá mà đã làm nó biến dạng rồi>

discriminate

discriminate [disˈkriməneit] v. phân biệt

To discriminate means to judge people according to their looks.

→ They discriminated against her because she was different.

embassy

embassy [ˈembəsi] n. đại sứ quán

An embassy is where government officials work in a foreign country.

→ If you lose your passport, you should contact the embassy.

<em bác sĩ là đại sứ quán>

extinguish

extinguish [iksˈtiŋgwiʃ] v. dập tắt

To extinguish a fire means to make it stop.

→ Michael extinguished the small fire with the hose.

flint

flint [flint] n. đá lửa

Flint is a hard stone that people used to make weapons for hunting.

→ There are a lot of flint tools in the museum.

<phải lên lấy tí đá lửa>

harass

harass [ˈhəræs] v. quấy rối

To harass someone means to annoy or trouble them.

→ The children harassed their mother because they wanted her attention.

integrate

integrate [ˈintəgreit] v. Tích hợp

To integrate means to join, communicate and socialize.

→ Governments want immigrants to integrate with the population.

miniature

miniature [ˈminiətʃər] adj. Thu nhỏ

If something is miniature, it is very small.

→ The boy enjoys playing with his miniature train set in his bedroom.

nutrition

nutrition [njuːˈtriʃən] n. sự dinh dưỡng

Nutrition is the process by which people use food to stay healthy.

→ It is important to pay attention to nutrition if you want to be an athlete.

promptly

promptly [ˈprɒmptli] adv. Nhanh chóng, kịp thời

If something happens promptly, it happens quickly or on time.

→ Arrive promptly, or we won’t have time to discuss everything.

technician

technician [tekˈniʃən] n. nhà kỹ thuật, kỹ thuật viên

A technician is a person who is skilled in electronic or mechanical work.

→ I need to call the technician to help me with my computer.

tropics

tropics [ˈtropiks] n. Vùng nhiệt đới

The tropics are the areas of land and sea close to the equator.

→ People like to go to the tropics for vacation because it’s warm.

<cho biết vùng nhiệt đới sẽ ra sao>

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beneficial

beneficial [benəˈfiʃəl] adj. có ích

If something is beneficial, it is good for you.

→ Drinking milk everyday is beneficial to your bones.

birthplace

birthplace [ˈbəːθpleis] n. nơi sinh

A birthplace is a place where a person is born or where something started.

→ China is the birthplace of chopsticks.

capacity

capacity [kəˈpæsəti] n. khả năng, dung lượng

The capacity of something is the amount of things that can be put in it.

→ The parking lot has reached its full capacity.

comparative

comparative [kəmˈpærətiv] adj. so sánh

If something is comparative, it is being judged based on something else.

→ The money that John has is comparative to most other adults.

comprehensive

comprehensive [ˌkɒmpriˈhensiv] adj. toàn diện

If something is comprehensive, it has all the details about something else.

→ The teacher gave us a comprehensive review for the exam.

conserve

conserve [kənˈsəːrv] v. bảo quản, bảo tồn

To conserve something is to protect it from being ruined or used completely.

→ The group worked to conserve the beauty of Europe’s national parks.

crucial

crucial [ˈkruːʃəl] adj. chủ yếu

If something is crucial, it is extremely important to another thing.

→ Clean air is crucial to the survival of humans, plants, and animals.

cumulative

cumulative [ˈkjuːmjəleitiv] adj. Tích lũy

Cumulative describes an increase by adding one after another.

→ The cumulative snowfall in the area is 50 centimeters per year.

<kêu mèo lấy tiếp để tích lũy>

deposit

deposit [diˈpɒzit] v. tiền cọc

To deposit something is to put it into a place or another thing.

→ I deposited the money into my bank account.

distribute

distribute [disˈtribjuːt] v. phân phối

To distribute something is to give it to a number of people.

→ The teacher distributed crayons and markers to his students.

equator

equator [iˈkweitər] n. xích đạo

The equator is an imaginary line that splits the Earth into north and south.

→ The equator crosses the northern part of South America.

exotic

exotic [igˈzotik] adj. Kỳ lạ

Exotic describes something unusual because it is from far away.

→ Rebecca tried many exotic foods on her trip to Africa.

<kỳ lạ khi nó vẫn còn ít giò tích trữ>

federal

federal [ˈfedərəl] adj. liên bang

If something is federal, it comes from the government of a country.

→ Sometimes federal laws are different from state laws.

formation

formation [fɔːrˈmeiʃən] n. sự hình thành

A formation is the way that something is made.

→ The formation of ice happens when water freezes.

frequency

frequency [ˈfriːkwənsi] n. tần số

The frequency of something is the number of times that it happens.

→ The frequency of rainstorms is very high, especially during the spring.

objective

objective [əbˈdʒektiv] adj. mục tiêu

An objective is a goal or plan that someone has.

→ My objective this week is to finish my homework by 7:30 every night.

oxygen

oxygen [ˈɒksidʒən] n. oxy

Oxygen is a gas that all living things need to breathe.

→ My aunt believes that the oxygen in the country is cleaner than in the city.

rainforest

rainforest [ˈreinˌfɔ(:)rist] n. rừng mưa nhiệt đới

A rainforest is a forest that is in a place where it rains very often.

→ The rainforest is home to many animals.

strategy

strategy [ˈstrӕtədʒi] n. chiến lược

A strategy is a plan for how to do something.

→ The team came up with a strategy to win the game.

wooded

wooded [ˈwudid] adj. rừng rậm

If an area is wooded, it is covered with trees.

→ Jim and Ben decided to go hiking in the wooded area by the river.

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avail

avail [əˈveil] n. giúp ích

Avail is help. It is often used in the achievement of a goal.

→ His studying was to no avail because he failed the test.

<ơ vẫy nó lại xem có giúp ích được gì không>

expand

expand [iksˈpænd] v. mở rộng

To expand is to become bigger in size.

→ A balloon will expand as you blow air into it.

define

define [diˈfain] v. định nghĩa

To define means to clearly state, show, or explain what something is.

→ People define success in many different ways.

dread

dread [dread] v. sợ hãi

To dread is to be afraid of something that could, or is going to, happen.

→ I dread the idea that I will not get into college.

<sợ hãi khi đi dưới trời rét>

fundamental

fundamental [ˌfʌndəˈmentl] adj. cơ bản

If something is fundamental, it is a basic part of something.

→ The fundamental rules of basketball are easy.

<cơ bản là bọn fan đã mến con tồ kia>

horrifying

horrifying [ˈhɔ:rəfaiŋ] adj. kinh hoàng

If something is horrifying, it is frightening and very unpleasant.

→ There was a horrifying car accident today.

incredulous

incredulous [inˈkredjələs] adj. hoài nghi

If someone is incredulous about something, they do not believe that it is true.

→ She was incredulous that monkeys could ever drive a car.

<hoài nghi khi nó in cái rẻ lay đĩa kia lớn>

linger

linger [ˈliŋgər] v. nán

To linger is to last for a long time.

→ The smell of fresh cookies lingered in the bakery.

organism

organism [ˈɔːrgənizəm] n. sinh vật

An organism is a living thing, especially a very small one.

→ We studied the organism on the microscope.

paraphrase

paraphrase [ˈpærəfreiz] v. diễn giải

To paraphrase is to make someone else’s writing or speech shorter.

→ The students were asked to paraphrase the story they just heard.

<ba rở fb ra để diễn giải>

plague

plague [pleig] n. bệnh dịch

A plague is a serious disease that quickly spreads to many people.

→ A plague in Europe killed millions of people.

<phải né kẻo lây bệnh dịch bây giờ>

presently

presently [ˈprezəntli] adv. hiện nay, hiện tại

If something happens presently, it is happening right now.

→ Presently, our profits are good, but by next year we can do even better.

random

random [ˈrændəm] adj. ngẫu nhiên

If something is random, it happens without any pattern or reason.

→ Young children often ask random questions.

riot

riot [ˈraiət] n. bạo loạn

A riot is a crowd that reacts to bad news by violently breaking laws.

→ A riot broke out after the candidate lost the election.

<rải ớt vào đám bạo loạn>

scribble

scribble [ˈskribəl] v. viết cẩu thả

To scribble is to write something quickly without caring about how it looks.

→ I scribbled a rough diagram of our plan and gave it to him.

<sẽ cần tới rì khi bồ nó viết quá cẩu thả>

shrine

shrine [ʃrain] n. miếu, đền thờ

A shrine is a religious building built to honor a person, event, or god.

→ He prayed at the shrine for an hour.

<sao rải nó ở miếu, đền thờ như vậy>

solitude

solitude [ˈsɒlitjuːd] n. cô đơn

Solitude is the state of being totally alone.

→ John lives a life of solitude because he doesn’t get along well with people.

stark

stark [stɑːrk] adj. trần trụi, rõ ràng

If a contrast is stark, then the things being compared are utterly different.

→ There is a stark contrast between their test scores.

<sao ta không nói rõ rang ra nhỉ>

summon

summon [ˈsʌmən] v. triệu tập

To summon a person is to ask them to come to you.

→ We summoned the doctor as soon as we noticed she was sick.

<sao mình bị triệu tập lên đây nhỉ>

worsen

worsen [ˈwəːrsən] v. làm xấu đi

To worsen is to get worse.

→ The weather suddenly worsened, and we had to stay inside.

<cua sịn thế mà bị chúng nó làm xấu đi>

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automobile

automobile [ˈɔːtəməbiːl] n. xe hơi

An automobile is a car.

→ The first automobiles were very different from the ones that exist today.

<ông tớ mua bí để làm xe hơi>

candidate

candidate [ˈkændideit] n. ứng cử viên

A candidate is a person who is competing to win something such as a job.

→ Alice is the best candidate for the job.

confidential

confidential [ˌkɒnfɪˈdenʃəl] adj. bí mật

If something is confidential, it must be kept secret.

→ The information from the meeting is confidential.

corporate

corporate [ˈkɔːrpərit] adj. Công ty

If something is corporate, it is related to a large business.

→ Tom enjoys working in the corporate world.

enhance

enhance [enhæns] v. Nâng cao

To enhance something is to make it better.

→ Amy’s blue shirt really enhances the color of her eyes.

era

era [ˈerə] n. kỷ nguyên

An era is a period of time that has something special about it.

→ During the medieval era, knights wore protective armor.

<em rở xem lại kỷ nguyên>

guideline

guideline [ˈgaidlain] n. Hướng dẫn

A guideline is a rule about how to do something.

→ Before they began the project, the teacher gave them some guidelines.

<gái đã xem hướng dẫn khi lái nó>

incorporate

incorporate [inˈkɔːrpəreit] v. Kết hợp

To incorporate is to add something to another thing.

→ I decided to incorporate a new ingredient into my cake recipe.

<khi in có bỏ giấy vào kết hợp không>

interact

interact [intərˈӕkt] v. Tương tác

To interact is to talk to or do something with another person.

→ The kids began to interact when the adults left the room.

interval

interval [ˈintərvəl] n. khoảng thời gian

An interval is the time between two things happening.

→ Tony rested for brief intervals while he worked in the yard.

mobile

mobile [ˈmoubail] adj. di động

If something is mobile, it can be moved easily.

→ Mobile phones are popular because you can take them anywhere.

modify

modify [ˈmɒdəfai] v. thay đổi, sửa đổi

To modify something is to change it a little bit.

→ I modified my outfit by adding a belt to it.

parallel

parallel [ˈpærəlel] adj. song song

If two things are parallel, they are the same distance away from each other.

→ There are two yellow parallel lines dividing both sides of traffic.

phenomenon

phenomenon [fiˈnɒmənɒn] n. hiện tượng

A phenomenon is something that can be seen as it is happening.

→ I was amazed when I saw the phenomenon of shooting stars.

<phi nhanh mà thấy xe nó có hiện tượng non>

pollute

pollute [pəˈluːt] v. ô nhiễm

To pollute means to make air, water, or land dirty, unclean, or foul.

→ The careless factory polluted the river with chemicals.

ridicule

ridicule [ˈridikjuːl] v. chế nhạo

To ridicule is to make fun of something in a mean way.

→ The other students ridicule Peter’s foreign accent.

solar

solar [ˈsoulə:r] adj. liên quan tới mặt trời

If something is solar, it is related to the sun.

→ Using solar energy is good for the environment.

territory

territory [ˈterətɔ:ri] n. lãnh thổ

A territory is a piece of land that belongs to a country but isn’t a state.

→ Gibraltar is a territory of Great Britain.

<tí rở tờ lãnh thổ của rì>

tournament

tournament [ˈtuə:rnəmənt] n. Giải đấu

A tournament is a competition, usually with many people participating.

→ My dad is playing in a golf tournament tomorrow.

transportation

transportation [ˌtrænspəːrˈteɪʃən] n. phương tiện giao thông

Transportation is any type of vehicle that can carry people or things.

→ I don’t have a car, so my normal transportation is the train.

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bill

bill [bil] n. hoá đơn

A bill is a statement of money owed for goods or a service.

→ I have so many bills that I do not know how to pay for them all.

boundary

boundary [ˈbaundəri] n. ranh giới

A boundary is the line where one area of land stops, and another begins.

→ This fence shows the boundary between our yard and yours.

chaos

chaos [ˈkeiɒs] n. hỗn loạn

Chaos is a situation that is confusing and not ordered.

→ His presentation was in chaos. I couldn’t understand what he meant.

<cây đó có gì mà sao hỗn loạn vậy>

consistent

consistent [kənˈsistənt] adj. phù hợp, nhất quán

If a person is consistent, they keep the same behavior or attitude.

→ Sara comes in every day and is our most consistent worker.

cyclone

cyclone [ˈsaikloun] n. lốc xoáy

A cyclone is a large storm with heavy rain and winds that spin in a circle.

→ Hundreds of homes were damaged by the cyclone.

<sài không được lâu đã gặp phải lốc xoáy>

doomed

doomed [duːmd] adj. cam chịu

If someone or something is doomed, they are going to fail or be destroyed.

→ Since I spent all my money, my date with Jane is doomed.

<mới đú đởn mà đã phải cam chịu hậu quả rồi>

heir

heir [ɛər] n. người thừa kế

An heir is a person who receives money or property of someone who dies.

→ The princess was the heir to the king and queen’s throne.

martial

martial [ˈmɑːrʃəl] n. võ

If something is martial, it is related to fighting or war.

→ Karate is a martial art that began many years ago in Japan.

<má chở nó đi tập vĩ>

organic

organic [ɔːrˈgænik] adj. hữu cơ

If food is organic, it is grown without adding chemicals to it.

→ The organic carrots are more expensive, but they’re better for you.

poultry

poultry [ˈpoultri] n. gia cầm

Poultry is a bird, such as a chicken, that is used for meat and eggs.

→ He raises poultry and sells their meat for extra money.

<bầu làm chị của lũ gia cầm>

scramble

scramble [ˈskræmbl] v. bò, trườn, leo

To scramble is to move somewhere quickly and desperately.

→ The hikers scrambled down the side of the hill.

<sao không giam bồ mà để nó bò, trườn, leo thế kia>

sergeant

sergeant [ˈsɑːrdʒənt] n. trung sĩ

A sergeant is a soldier or police officer of middle rank.

→ He was promoted to sergeant after a year in the army.

<sợ xa dần trung sĩ>

sheer

sheer [ʃiə:r] adj. tuyệt đối

If you describe something as sheer, it is complete and very strong.

→ I was impressed by her sheer dedication to jogging.

<sỉa nó tuyệt đối lắm rồi>

stance

stance [stæns] n. lập trường

A stance is an attitude about an issue that someone states clearly.

→ My stance is that using oil and gas is bad for the environment.

<sao tan mất lập trường rồi sao>

telegraph

telegraph [ˈteləgræf] n. máy điện báo

A telegraph is a method of sending electric messages on wires.

→ In the 1900s, the telegraph was the fastest way to send a message.

textile

textile [ˈtekstail] n. Dệt

Textile is cloth that has been woven or knitted.

→ The blue textile was going to be used to make blouses.

tornado

tornado [tɔːrˈneidou] n. vòi rồng

A tornado is a tube-shaped formation of air that spins very quickly.

→ During a tornado, the safest place to be is underground.

typhoon

typhoon [taiˈfuːn] n. bão

A typhoon is a large tropical storm that moves in circles.

→ Thousands of people lost electricity after a typhoon hit Australia.

wail

wail [weil] v. kêu rên, kêu khóc

To wail is to show sadness by crying loudly.

→ The baby wailed because it was hungry.

<quay lại làm nó kêu rên, kêu khóc>

wardrobe

wardrobe [ˈwɔːrdroub] n. tủ quần áo

A wardrobe is the collection of all of a person’s clothing.

→ She bought some new clothes to expand her wardrobe.

<khua xong đổ chút dầu thơm rồi bỏ vào tủ áo>